THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.



SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
27	28	29	30	31	1	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29

Port Almanac—February 12.

Sun Rises	6 53 A M
Sun Sets	5.37 P M
Day's Length	10 h 44 m
High Water at Southport	6.57 P M
High Water at Wilmington	8.30 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 12.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 44°; 8 p. m., 47°, maximum, 56°; minimum, 41°; mean 48°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 3.25.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; variable winds.

The storm area of the Northeast has passed off the coast, and the weather has cleared throughout New England and the Lake regions. A belt of high pressure extends from Minnesota to Florida. Farther west a belt of low pressure extends from Alberta to New Mexico, with a well defined centre at either end.

Fair and colder weather is indicated for Wednesday in New England, the lower Lake region and the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic States. There will be little change in temperature in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States.

OUTLINES

In the Senate, Mr. Blanchard delivered an address on the Monroe doctrine; the Urgent Deficiency bill was taken up and discussed several hours; the consideration of the Bond-Silver Coinage bill engaged the attention of the House. —— The first gold in payment of the new bond issue was received at the Treasury to-day; it raised the gold reserve up to $52,750,000. —— Fire at Washington, D. C., caused $30,000 damage. —— Bartholomew Shea was electrocuted at Dannemora, N. Y., for the murder of Robt. Ross. —— Gen. Weyler, the new Captain General of Cuba, issues a proclamation stating his plans and purposes. —— The Queen, in her speech to Parliament, expressed a desire that an equitable arrangement of the Venezuelan boundary might be reached. —— U. S. officials in New Mexico, Arizona and Indian Territory have been warned to keep a sharp lookout to prevent the Maher-Fitzsimmons fight; U. S. troops have been ordered to El Paso to prevent the fight from coming off on any so-called neutral ground. —— Charles Rich, a North Carolinian, was convicted of murder in the second degree at Knoxville, Tenn. —— The Southern Passenger Agents' Association is in session at Tampa. —— The bursting of a water main at Cleveland, Ohio, caused loss of life and serious damage. —— The Executive Board of the Southern States' Freight Association met in Savannah yesterday. —— Twenty thousand dollars worth of diamonds were seized by the customs officers of the United States on board the Red Star Line steamship Rhineland at Philadelphia. —— New York markets: Money on call 8@5 per cent, last loan at 8 and closed offered at 8; cotton easy; middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling 8 8-16c; Southern flour quiet and unchanged; common to extra fair $2.40@3.00; good to choice $3.00@3 80; wheat—spot dull and easier with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 80c; afloat 81¼c; corn—spot dull and ¼@½c lower, closing steady; No. 2 at elevator 86¾c; afloat 87¾c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 29¼@29¾c; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1.57½@1.60.

If Gen. Weyler proposes to exterminate all the rebs who do not surrender, Gomez' followers machetize all who sympathize with the Spaniards, land will be cheap in Cuba after a while.

Cornelius Vanderbilt objects to his son Cornelius marrying Miss Wilson, because she is nine years older than he is. He is 21 and she 30 years old. Perhaps his pa is afraid the girl may more sense if fewer dollars than his scion.

It is said the Anthracite coal combine has decided to limit the output the coming season to 6,500,000 tons, and as a result the value of stocks has gone up. If reducing the output of coal will boost the price of coal stocks, wouldn't reducing the output of cotton give cotton a boost?

Senator Sherman is generally supposed to be worth several millions of dollars, but Wm E. Curtis, the newspaper correspondent, says he isn't worth more than about $500,000, and had to do some pretty careful managing and practice reasonable economy to scrape together that much.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 91. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,979

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

A colored politician of Texas had his pocket picked of $800 while attending a caucus at Waco. A portion of the contents, doubtless, of somebody's "bar'l." When a man who goes into a Republican caucus has any money in his pockets he should either provide them with padlocks or keep his hands in his pockets like they do in New York. A few experiences on this line will teach the colored brother something.

A gold standard paper tells us that "Japan is suffering from an excess of silver." Judging from the way Japan is hurrying along and coming to the front she can stand a good deal of that kind of suffering before she raises the wail of lamentation. We wouldn't mind a reasonable amount of that kind of affliction ourself. We would bear it patiently and try to be resigned if not absolutely cheerful under it.

Joe Blackburn is heeled. He carries around with him three rabbit feet, which he says were presented to him by three beautiful young women. They are the left hind feet of rabbits killed in a country grave yard, over the grave of a murderer, in the dark of the moon, by a cross-eyed, red-headed, left-handed negro. Thus equipped, Joe is triply heeled and will come out of the scrap top-side up.

Atlanta is bragging about the sale of some dirt in that town the other day, when a lot sixteen front and twenty-eight feet deep sold for $23,248, being $1,453 a front foot or $52.50 a square foot. This was a square transaction, but it doesn't come up to that two-inch sale on Eighth avenue, New York, the other day when the strip sold for $100 an inch.

A picture of a conference of Republicans in New York, which appears in the New York *Advertiser*, shows every one of them with hands in pockets. This is suggestive. When in Republican gatherings if one has any valuables in his pockets it is a good idea to keep one's hands in them, to keep other hands out.

Foraker is becoming a troublesome factor for the McKinleyite s in Ohio. A lot of Forakerites captured a county convention the other day, and the McKinleyites charge that they did it by bribery. From this it seems that the Fire Alarm adherents knew how to capture a Republican convention.

A German steamer cleared from New Orleans a few days ago for Rotterdam with 207,944 bushels of corn, which broke the record by 4,000 bushels.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—Orion Lodge I. O. O. F.

NOTICE—Knights of Golden Eagles.

Y. M. C. A.—Bolton's Realistic Travels.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

EIGHT FOWLS—Left by mistake.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. E. Catlin, of Greensboro, is in the city.

— Mr. G. A. Chickemy, of Baltimore, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Walter Lassiter, of Salem, N. C., is in the city on business.

— Col. S. B. Taylor, of Catherine Lake, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. M. Hawes, of New York, was a guest at The Purcell yesterday.

— Messrs. J. B. Johnson and Jno. Hutchins, of Parkersburg, were in the city yesterday.

— Dr. Chas. W. Zaremba, of Chicago, was a guest at The Purcell yesterday.

— Messrs. A. H. Slocumb, Alex. Campbell and B. R. Taylor, of Fayetteville, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. A. B. Nichols and J. N. Page, prominent merchants of Nichols, S. C., were registered at The Purcell yesterday.

Southerland-Saunders.

Miss Maie Southerland, a charming and accomplished young lady, daughter of Mrs C. B. Southerland, was married yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence of the family, to Mr. B. J. Saunders, travelling agent of the Metropolitan Building and Loan Association of Richmond, Va. After a reception at the home of the bride, at 3.30 p. m. the young couple left on the south-bound train for Columbia, S. C., with congratulations and best wishes of numerous friends.

Found Dead in Bed.

Mary Scott, a colored woman, was found dead in bed Monday morning last at her home on Acorn branch, four miles from the city. Coroner Jacobs was notified and made an investigation yesterday morning. He found that the woman had been sick some time and that her death resulted from heart disease. No inquest was held.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale", are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Fair Wednesday; cooler; variable winds.

— The stage of water in the river at Fayetteville Monday at 8 a. m. was 43.4 feet.

— A false alarm of fire was turned in last night shortly after 11 o'clock from box No. 16, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets.

— Mrs. J. D. Bell, who is visiting her husband's parents at Rocky Point, is seriously ill. Mr. Bell, who travels for a shoe house in Richmond, Va., was summoned by telegraph Monday to her bedside.

— Justices Jno. J. Fowler and J. M. McGowan held an investigation yesterday, *de lunatico inquirendo*, as to Sandy Williams, colored. Williams was adjudged to be insane and ordered to be taken to the insane asylum at Goldsboro.

— Mr. James J. Moore, employed at the Carolina Cooperage and Veneering Works, near the Carolina Central railroad depot, was painfully hurt while at work yesterday, all the fingers of his left hand being cut to the bone by a circular saw he was using.

— Three timber rafts and a flat, moored to wharves on the river front between Princess and Chesnut street docks, broke loose last night about 11 o'clock and were carried down the river by the strong ebb tide. Capt. Taft's tug went in pursuit of the runaways.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets to Charlotte, N. C., on account of the session of the State Council of the Junior Order U. A. M., which will be held in that city February 24th. Tickets will be sold on the 23d, 23d and 24th, with final limit February 27th.

— Hon. J. F. Ray, of Macon county, informs the Fayetteville *Observer* that the Populists of Cabarrus county are returning to the Democratic party by hundreds. They give as their reason, dislike for the Third party leaders and hopelessness of accomplishing anything through a party that is bound body and soul to the Republicans.

Mr. Bolton's Lectures.

"The Four Napoleons," "Re-united Germany" and "The Land of the Midnight Sun" have been selected from the sixteen entertainments given by Mr. C. E. Bolton for his lectures at the Y. M. C. A. next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights.

The lectures are thrilling and at the same time historically accurate. They afford an unusual opportunity for the study of both history and geography, and in the pleasantest style. The illustrations are all that could be desired, being thrown by the best apparatus and cover some five hundred feet of canvas. Many of them are colored and all are superb.

Mr. Bolton is brought to the city through the recommendation of General Secretary Diggs of the Y. M. C. A., who knows him and who is satisfied of the high grade of his work. The nature of the entertainment and the very low price at which tickets are offered, will doubtless ensure a large attendance every night.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—23 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 16 bbls rosin, 23 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—5 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 111 bbls rosin, 46 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—26 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 2 bbls tar.

Steamer D. Murchison—8 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 193 bbls rosin, 109 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—88 casks spirits turpentine, 375 bbls rosin, 17 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner Argyle—1 bale cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine.

Middleton's raft—510 bbls rosin.

Matthews' raft—288 bbls rosin.

Autry's raft—706 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 58 bales; spirits turpentine, 77 casks; rosin, 2,101 bbls; tar, 197 bbls; crude turpentine, 25 bbls.

City Court.

Andrew Russ, drunk and disorderly, was arraigned before Mayor Harriss in the City Court yesterday. He was adjudged guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs or work ten days on the streets.

Obadiah Jenkins, Sam Link, Andrew Russ and Balaam Fuller, drunk on the streets, were each sentenced to pay five dollars fine or work ten days on the streets.

To-Night's Entertainment.

A charming little drama, "The Mouse Trap," will be the leading feature at the entertainment to be given to-night in the City Hall by the ladies of Grace M. E. Church; but their will be other attractions, of course. The performance will begin at 8.30 o'clock.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

BROOKLYN BAPTISTS.

A New Church to be Built on North Fourth Street—Mr. H. E. Bonitz the Architect.

The Brooklyn Baptist church congregation met last Sunday night and decided to begin the erection of a new and fine edifice to worship in.

The building committee, consisting of Messrs. J. C. Gore, chairman, B. T. Murphy, J. H. McDougald, Chas. Stewart and J. E. Murrell, after several weeks of consideration endeavoring to obtain plans that would meet the demands of the congregation, decided that the plan offered by Mr. H. E. Bonitz was not only the most desirable, but the one that would meet every requirement of this rapidly growing church.

The committee recommended Mr. Bonitz's plan and the congregation accepted the plan without a dissenting voice.

The new church is to be a magnificent structure, consisting of a large auditorium built in amphitheatre style and a commodious gallery encircling the sides and rear, a lecture room, numerous class rooms, infant department, and pastor's study. All class rooms and the lecture room are to be connected with the main auditorium with sliding partitions, and when the whole is thrown into one the seating capacity will exceed eight hundred.

The windows are to be of cathedral glass, and the interior arranged in the most convenient and commodious manner possible.

When this church is erected the congregation will surely have reason to feel proud of their new home. The erection will begin just as soon as the building committee can see the necessary funds in view for the completion of the church. The subscription list is now in the hands of the pastor, Rev. J. W. Kramer, and it is hoped that in a few days the required amount will be raised.

By the erection of this church on Fourth street, it will greatly increase the valuation of property in that neighborhood, as well as be an ornament and credit to the city.

The committee to receive subscriptions are: Rev. J. W. Kramer, Messrs. J. H. McDougall, J. E. Murrell, S. L. Smith J. C. Gore, W. McEvans and others.

THE NAVAL RESERVE.

The Naval Affairs Committee Recommend That the Appropriation Be Doubled.

The Naval Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives have agreed to increase the appropriation for the maintenance of the Naval Reserve in the Naval Appropriation bill from $35,000 to $50,000 per annum. It has been found that the numerical strength of the naval militia has increased to such an extent that the former appropriation no longer served to provide the most necessary arms and equipments. The Navy Department, after several years of close observation, has come to the conclusion that the Naval Reserve militia, if properly equipped, could be made of the greatest practical value, and strongly favors the enactment of additional legislation which will make the relations of the reserve to the regular navy better defined.

A bill has been introduced in Congress which aims at clearly defining the status of the Naval Reserves, and which empowers the President, in the event of war, to enlist in the regular service any portion of the Naval Reserve, or the entire force, without special act of Congress, and to commission the Naval Reserve officers.

IGIVE CUBA A CHANCE.

[*Atlanta Constitution*]

Last Summer the Spaniards promised to suppress the rebellion in Cuba in October. Then they put it off until November. We were next informed that the rebels would be crushed in December.

These promises have not been fulfilled. It is now February and the insurgents occupy nearly the whole island, while the Spaniards are penned up in a few fortified places. The insurgents are growing stronger and capturing all their supplies and arms from the enemy. They are masters of the situation, and have Havana practically hemmed in on the land side.

The Spaniards are growing desperate. They have displaced Campos, and they are beginning to prosecute Americans and seize their property. Spain cannot send troops and money at present. She has a budding revolution at home and owes $1,500,000,000. It is not too much to say that the monarchy is on its last legs if it continues its war against the Cubans.

It strikes us that it is time for us to recognize the belligerent rights of the Cubans, if we propose to stand by our traditional policy and help the struggling republics on this hemisphere. The outlook indicates the speedy success of the Cubans and our recognition then will be unnecessary, tardy and ungracious. Let us give the Cubans a chance. They deserve it, and they have won the right to be recognized, if any nation on earth has ever won it.

APPOINTMENTS

Wilmington District—W. S. Bone, P. E.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Wheatland—February 9th and 10th.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh—February 10th.

Elizabeth circuit, Singleton—February 15th and 16th.

Carver's Creek, Wayman—February 22nd and 23rd.

Kenansville circuit and Onslow Mission, Worley Chapel—February 29th and March 1st.

Bladen circuit, Bethlehem—March 7th and 8th.

Magnolia circuit, Centenary—March 14th and 15th.

Clinton circuit, Keeners—March 21st and 22nd.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY.

MOUNT AIRY AND RED SPRINGS WORKING FOR IT.

Mr. R. H. Battle and Col. T. W. Strange Will Represent the State in the Case of Lieut. Winslow of the Naval Reserves—A Convict Pardoned—A Joke on Newspaper Men—Shooting Scrape in Raleigh.

[*Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, February 11.

Prof. Chas. D. Parker, secretary of the Teachers' Assembly, and Prof. Joyner, the president, will go to Mount Airy in a few days to visit that place upon an invitation from many citizens. The citizens have held a public meeting and are very anxious to have the Assembly meet there. Red Springs is also working for the meeting. It is not likely that either will be selected, for they do not offer the advantages that Wilmington does.

The Trustees of the University meet in this city to morrow.

Mr. R. H. Battle and Col. Thos. W. Strange will likely represent the State in the action instituted by Lieut. Winslow relative to his removal as commander of the Naval Reserves. It may be that the case will not come up to-morrow, as Mr. Battle is a member of the Board of Trustees of the University.

James James, a convict from one of the Western counties, has been pardoned out of the penitentiary. The reason for James' pardon was refused your correspondent at the Executive office. The public will doubtless notice that pardons are never given out with other Executive news. It is contended that when a man has committed a crime against a community, the public should know it, if he gains liberty before his sentence expires.

There is a joke out on several newspaper men who got caught in the Albemarle extension fake. Yesterday several car loads of wheelbarrows, shovels and railroad construction implements passed by here. The story got abroad that the Southern was going to build the Albemarle & Raleigh railroad from Springhope to Clayton, N. C., and that Raleigh was to be given the grand shake because the Coast Line & Southern were in a compact whereby the road could not be built to Raleigh.

The facts were that the wheelbarrows, et cetera, were being carried to Clayton to be used in a gravel pit. The gravel is being used as ballast for the road. The Seaboard is the road that has traffic arrangements with the Coast Line to prevent the latter from extending the road.

I know positively that the road to Springhope would have been extended here by the Southern Company for the Norfolk route, but the construction of bridges and trestles over the creeks and rivers would have entailed too great a cost. The fact was also taken into consideration that the Southern was a large owner in the Norfolk & Carolina and a great part of the trackage royalty would come back home.

Wm. Hockaday, a driver for Dr. W. H. Bobbitt, last night shot Frank Scott, a livery stable employe. Hockaday did the shooting without any cause and explains it by the statement that he had two pistols, one of which was a toy pistol. He said he thought he used the latter. The bullet went through Scott's hand and lodged in his head. But for his hand interfering, Scott would have been a dead "nigger."

Mr. H. H. Grainger, of the revenue department, will at an early date wed Miss Parrott, of Kinston.

The Citizen's National Bank has been made the repository for the Government in this section. This means that the bank will handle over a million of the Government's money annually. Norfolk has been the repository.

Treasurer Worth left for Greensboro to-day to attend the funeral of his wife's sister, who died yesterday.

TO SHOOT IN CHARLESTON.

The Inter-State Manufacturers' and Dealers' Association to Hold a Tournament There.

[*News and Courier.*]

The Palmetto Gun Club in particular and every person interested in sporting events in general rejoice that the Inter-State Manufacturers' and Dealers' Association has decided to hold one of their Inter-State tournaments in Charleston. The tournament will begin on April 14 and continue three days.

These events are by no means small affairs and Charleston is to be congratulated on the selection. Fully two hundred clubs annually put in their claims for these "shoots" and only about twenty are held. Charleston gets one of the first "shoots" of the year and there are the brightest prospects for its success. The Palmetto Gun Club, under whose auspices the Inter-State shoot will be held, has visited and participated in shoots at Philadelphia, Macon, Atlanta, Long Branch, Wilmington, Savannah, Charlotte and Cincinnati, and delegations may by expected from each of these places, besides many expert shots from New York and vicinity.

Charleston will add $400 to the purses and $150 of this amount has been put in by the Palmetto Gun Club. The balance will be contributed by enterprising merchants of the city. The visiting shooters will likely number one hundred.

All these Inter-State shoots are under the management of Mr. Elmer E. Shaner, a gentleman well remembered here, having conducted the splendid shoot of 1894 on the Palmetto Gun Club's grounds. Mr. Shaner is expected in Charleston shortly to complete arrangements and make ready for the sport, and will bring with him all paraphernalia required, such as traps; electric apparatus, tents, etc. The latest rules will govern the tournament and the handicap will be used, giving all contestants equal chances.

ROSEBORO ROBBERY TRIAL.

Arguments of Counsel—The Case Will Go to the Jury To-day.

[*Special Star Telegram*]

CLINTON, N. C., Feb. 11.—All of to-day was consumed by arguments of counsel in the Express robbery trial. Messrs. G. E. Butler, H. E. Faison and T. M. Lee spoke for the defence, and Messrs. F. R. Cooper and J. E. Fowler for the State.

The case will not go to the jury before to-morrow afternoon.

All the speeches were pronounced fine efforts.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

BUTLER HESITATES.

IT IS PROBABLE HE WILL WITHDRAW FROM THE DEAL.

Populists Will Vote For Candidates of Their Own For the Senate Offices and Represent That It Will Hurt Their Prospects to Be Identified Too Closely With the Republicans in Assisting the Latter to Obtain the Spoils.

[*Special to the Baltimore Sun*]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Notwithstanding the action of the caucus on Friday night, the plan of the Republicans to elect new officers for the Senate is far from being easy of execution. There are difficulties in the way which may compel them to abandon the programme, or at least postpone it for some time. The new complication is said to have been caused by Senator Marion Butler, the North Carolina Populist, upon whose vote the Republicans have relied. Mr. Butler, it is said, has been talking with some of the other Populists, and has practically decided to declare the deal off.

So far as Mr. Butler is concerned, it is the situation in North Carolina that is beginning to frighten him. The fusion between the Populists and Republicans in that State exists only in connection with State elections. It will not be effective in the National campaign, and the present intention of the leaders of both political organizations is to place separate and distinct electoral tickets in the field.

The Populists have claimed right along that they formed the majority of the fusion party, and they wish to demonstrate the truth of their assertion this Fall by electing a Populist electoral ticket over both the Republican and the Democratic tickets. The Republicans having exactly the same hope in view with regard to their ticket, are making the most strenuous efforts now to get the upper hand of the Populists by strategy.

OPPOSED TO GRANT.

Mr. Grant, who was nominated by the Republicans on Friday night for the position of Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, while a member of the Fusion party of North Carolina, is nevertheless a Republican, and will be an active agent of that party in the coming campaign. This circumstance is said to be causing Mr. Butler embarrassment. It is understood that the other members of the Populist party in the Senate insist that Mr. Butler's open support of the Republican candidates for the Senate offices would be used with telling effect against him in the next campaign, not only in the State of North Carolina, but elsewhere. These arguments, it is said, they are using in the form of a demand upon the North Carolina Senator to stand with his party in the Senate in support of the ticket they have nominated. How the matter will be settled it is difficult to predict, but it has already had the effect of causing the Republicans to postpone their efforts to bag the Senate offices.

Senator Pritchard, whose presence here in the interest of his candidate, Mr. Grant, is absolutely necessary whenever the attempt to elect the caucus nominees is made, will leave to-morrow for Chicago and go direct from there to North Carolina to argue some law cases. His plans with regard to his return are somewhat indefinite, but he will probably be absent for two weeks at the least.

DIFFICULTIES IN SHAW'S WAY.

He said to-day there were difficulties in the way of electing both Mr. Shaw, the nominee for secretary, and Mr. Grant. He was heartily in favor of both men, however, and said if Mr. Shaw should be defeated, he would not present Mr. Grant's name to the Senate. The opposition to Mr. Shaw, it is understood, comes from Eastern sound-money Senators, who believe that too much has already been surrendered to the silver men, and who are threatening to kick over the traces and bolt the caucus action.

The complications which have arisen over this matter form but a part of the trouble in which the Republicans of the Senate find themselves. It is understood their deal with Senators Pritchard and Marion Butler was based upon the proposition that Mr. Butler should vote with them to seat Mr. Dupont, of Delaware, and also for the Tariff bill. If the North Carolina Senator finds it impossible to vote with the Republicans in the matter of reorganization, his vote will also be lacking upon the other propositions. In the meantime, it is said, that with a view to ratifying the deal, the Republicans have proposed that Mr. Butler vote for the two propositions before the attempt at reorganization is made. This, however, he is represented as refusing to do, leaving the Republican leaders in doubt as to what his future course will be.

Best typewriter ribbons in the city a only 75 cents apiece. Satisfaction guaranteed. Myers & Lewis, No. 8 South Front street. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. O. O. F.

HALL OF ORION LODGE No. 67. Brethren: You are no ified to meet at your Lodge room this (Wednesday) afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, W. J. King. Members of Cape Fear, Wilmington and Hanover Lodges, and visiting brothers, are invited to attend.

By order of the N. G.

feb 12 1t S. A. CRAIG, Secretary.

Stonewall Jackson Lodge No. 2,

KNIGHTS OF THE GOLDEN EAGLES.

Sir Knights and Brothers: You are hereby requested to meet at our Castle Hall this (Wednesday) afternoon promptly at 2.30 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, W. J. King, of Concordia Castle No. 1.

By order of the Noble Chief.

feb 12 1t J. A. URRELL, M. of R.

BOLTON'S REALISTIC TRAVELS

In Europe and America, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 17, 18 and 19th.

Tickets 25 cents each night.

Join Y. M. C. A., $5, and get free ticket to all.

feb 12 3t

Commissioner's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUperior Court of New Hanover county, made in the cause of Edward Dudley Cowan et al. vs. W. D. Cowan et al., pending before the Clerk of the said Superior Court, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, on Thursday, the 19th day of March, 1896, at 12 o'clock M., the following described tract of Land situate in the county of New Hanover, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the Poor House tract on Smith's Creek, and running thence along the east line of said tract north 45 deg east 2,683 feet to a stone marked N. H. C., thence with said line north 43 deg west 1,155 to a stone marked N. H. C., thence north 37 deg. 15 min. east 775 feet to the corner of Garrell's land, thence with said Garrell's line north 14 deg. east 400 feet to another of his corners, thence along the line of said tract north 75 deg, east 1,954 feet to a pine tree marking the course of Garrell's and Kerr's lines, thence with Kerr's line south 73 deg, east 1,848 feet to a stake, thence south 49½ deg. east 1,715 feet to or near Smith's Creek, thence southeastwardly with the creek to the beginning, containing about 120 acres.

February 10th, 1896.

feb 11 30t THOMAS C. McILHENNY, Commissioner.

The Life of The Times

Depends on the push and energy of the people. And we are to-day, as usual, striving to lead the front rank of the merchants of the Old North State. And what makes the business is prices, fair treatment and variety of goods. Our large store covers 15,000 square feet of floor room, completely filled with new and desirable goods. Our large stock consists of varied lines. We handle in large quantities Dress Goods of every style and all prices. Double fold Cotton Serge, 36 inches wide, at 5 cents a yard.

Underware and Hosery.

Our line of fast black Fine Seamless Children's Hose, at 12½ cents a pair, an extra value Men's Fine Balbrigan Half-Hose, at 10 cts. Bed Ticking, the Heavy Feather-proof Bed Ticking at 12½c, worth 18c; Mattress Ticking from 6 to 10c a yard. A fine line of Union Quilts from 50c to $3.00 each. Our $1.00 Quilt is a thing of beauty and comfort. Clothing—Ladies' Wraps, Cloaks and Capes, Shoes, Millinery, Trunks, Carpets and Matting. Good Matting at 10c a yard; Good Carpet from 12½c to $1.25 a yard—all styles and prices. The finest line of Ladies' Shoes at $1.69 a pair, worth $3.00. All widths, A, B, C, D, E; size 2½ to 7; all style toes, and made of fine French Kid. We have Shoes of all styles. Men's and Ladies' Hats and Caps from 10c up. A big job in Overcoats to close at $4.00, 5.00 and 6.00—worth from $5.00 to 10.00 each. Come to Wilmington's Big Racket Store at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House, where you can find everything you may need at a bargain.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

jan 26 tf

Beans, Beans, Beans.

Large Stock Just Received.

EVERY VARIETY SOLD IN THIS SECTION OF

VEGETABLE

—AND—

Farm Seeds

Truckers and Gardners will find it to their interest to buy from

Robt. R. Bellamy & Co.,

DRUGGISTS AND SEEDSMEN, Wilmington, N. C.

feb 9 tf

Entertainment,

THERE WILL BE PRESENTED AT THE City Hall on the evenings of February 12th, 13th and 14th, under the auspices of the ladies of Grace M. E. Church, a

CARNIVAL OF LANTERNS.

This will be the most unique and delightful entertainment of the season. Novel attractions have been prepared for each evening, as follows:

February 12th, Lantern Drill. Amusing Farce, "The Mouse Trap."

February 13th, Lantern Drill. Chronothanotvision.

February 14th, Lantern Drill. Orchestral Music.

Delicious refreshments will be daintily served at Popular Prices

Admission, 10 Cents.

Do not fail to improve this rare opportunity for enjoying a hearty laugh, and otherwise enjoying a charming evening. feb 9 3t

$100.00 Reward.

A REWARD OF $100 00 WILL BE PAID for the arrest of, and for evidence to convict, the party or parties who uncoupled cars, and thereby caused them to run out of the side track on to the main line of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, near the crossing of the public road which leads to Smith's Creek Bridge, on the night of January 20th, resulting in a serious collision to a shifting engine of the above named Railroad Company.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Superintendent.

feb 4 tf

Review copy.

Cash Paid —FOR— Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

28 Cents Per Pound

Free on board cars or steamer at Wilmington in good sound packages. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO., Boston, Mass.

nov 16 3m Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf

EARLY OHIO,

Early Rose and Peerless

Seed Potatoes.

Remember the best seed give the best results.

HALL & PEARSALL, Nutt and Mulberry streets.

jan 19 D&W tf

Just Arrived

AND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE 20 HEAD of Virginia Horses, Family Broke, and Good Farm Stock, and will all be sold to the highest bidder, Wednesday, February 12th, at 11 o'clock, rain or shine, at Southerland & Cowan's stables.

feb 9 3t DAVID MURPHY.

Wanted,

A SITUATION AS DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKkeeper. Several years experience and can furnish all the reference required. Address "X," Care of STAR Office.

jan 23 tf

Sneeden & Polley,

LOCK AND GUNSMITHS, SECOND NEAR Dock's rest. We repair guns and revolvers, repair bicycles, repair door locks, fit keys to most any kind of locks, sharpen saws, scissors and knives in fact we carry on a general repair shop. Mr. C. H. Polley has 30 years experience at the gun business and is widely known as a fine gunsmith. He makes a specialty of repairing fine guns and revolvers. Satisfaction guaranteed. feb 8 1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR CASH FOR CASH

Twenty Per Cent. Off

—AT—

Katz & Polvogt's

In order to reduce stock at once we offer any item in our establishment (nothing exempt) for strictly

CASH

At a Discount of

TWENTY PER CENT.

THIS SALE IS LIMITED TO

Feb. 20th,

AND INCLUDES

Dress Goods,

Silks, Carpets, Rugs,

Mattings, &c., &c.

Goods sold on a credit will be charged at regular price.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No 9 North Front St.

P. S.—In order to obtain this discount your purchases must amount to at least ONE DOLLAR or over

feb 5 tf

JOHNSON & FORE

We are now ready for the approaching Spring season.

New Black Dress Goods,

New Fancy Dress Goods,

New Wash Dress Goods,

New White Goods

OF EVEY DESCRIPTION,

NEW TABLE DAMASK,

TOWELS, NAPKINS AND DOILIES.

New Laces and Embroideries.

New Kid Gloves

for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

READY-MADE

Sheets and Pillow Cases

sold as cheap as the material by the yard.

All Ladies' CAPES and JACKETS now on hand will be sold regardless of cost.

Mail orders promptly filled.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market St.

feb 9 tf

Seed Potatoes.

75 Barrels E. R. Potatoes.
20 Barrels Truckers' Potatoes.
25 Small Cheese.
10 Large Cheese.
10 Tubs Martin's Butter.
10 Bags Black Pepper.
5 Bags Spice.
3 Bags Ginger.

Constantly adding new goods. Write for what what you wish.

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 206 North Water street,

feb 9tf S D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Steamer E. A. Hawes

WILL LEAVE FOR CLEAR RUN AND all points on Back River, on MONDAY and THURSDAY each week.

JAS. MADDEN, Agent.

feb 1 1m

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILLINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB 12, 1896

WE MUST HAVE SHIPS.

In some respects the American people are the greatest people in the world. In general intelligence, in skilful handicraft, in daring enterprise, in energetic action, in self reliance and resourceful genius, they have not their equals on the earth, and never have had. No scheme is too colossal for them to undertake, and there are few things that the genius of other peoples can do that they cannot do and improve upon. But in their collective capacity they present the strange spectacle of a great people entrusting to agents matters of the most vital importance to the progress and prosperity of the country and seeing them handled if not trifled with in a way that no man of ordinary business capacity would permit his business affairs to be handled or trifled with by an agent for twenty-four hours.

We have had numerous illustrations of this in the railroad legislation by Congress in the past thirty odd years, in the tariff, financial and other legislation, but in nothing more strikingly than in the shamful neglect of our merchant marine and the gross stupidity that permitted or caused it to be swept from the seas. It is unnecessary to dwell upon the value of a merchant marine to a nation. Any one of any intelligence can form an opinion as to that and there is no one with so little intelligence, if he has any at all, who cannot see that it is a mighty power in the up-building of a nation.

For an illustration of this see England, whose ships have made her what she is, the envy of other nations. A little island, with thirty millions of people almost dominating the earth, with grand possessions in the four quarters of the earth, some of them large enough to open and swallow the ruling island without a strain. What gave England this world-sweeping dominion, these grand continental and numerous island possessions? Her ships and the far-seeing statesmanship which appreciated their value and built those ships. Her greatness rests on the hulls that bear her commerce to the four corners of the earth and bear back to her the commerce of the four corners of the earth, from both of which she has reaped her profits and grown rich.

In 1860 the United States, with less than half the population they now have, had the largest, fastest and the model ships of the world, and manned by crews who for seamanship ranked second to none in the world. These ships did half the carrying trade of the seas, and seventy five per cent of our own commerce was carried in American bottoms and under the American flag. Now our ships do not carry more than five per cent. of the sea carriage, and nine-tenths of our foreign commerce, and even the U. S. mails are carried in foreign bottoms and under foreign flags. For a little, insignificant country, this might be tolerable, but for a great, proud country like this, with thousands of miles of seacoast and the finest harbors in the world, it is shameful and humiliating.

We have more of the ship building materials than any country on the earth. We have as much ship building genius as any. England, the great ship owner and ship builder of the world imports from us much of her ship-building material. That we have the genius to build ships that will compare with the work of any foreign ship yard is shown by the warships we build and by such superb specimens of marine architecture as the St. Paul and the St. Louis, turned out from the Cramp yards within the past year, and that other magnificent ship launched a few weeks ago from the Newport News docks, to ply between New Orleans and Philadelphia.

And yet during the year 1894 England launched 614 ships, of which 549 were steamships and 64 sailing vessels, the gross tonnage of which was 1,046,508 tons. In addition to this she launched 31 war ships. Ninety-seven of the merchant ships and two of the war ships were built for other nations. During the same year the United Stater built, exclusive of war ships, merchant vessels carrying a tonnage of 55,000 tons; 55,000 as against 1,046,508 for England! What a showing for a country which forty years ago, with less than a third of its present wealth and less than half its present population, was the second greatest ship-owner and builder in the world and was rapidly forging its way to the first place.

As an industry in itself, aside from the mighty power it exerts in building up commerce with other nations and thus adding to the wealth and power of a country, it gives steady employment to thousands of men, creates a demand for immense quantities of the materials used in the construction of ships, and gives employment to many thousands more in preparing these materials for the use for which they are intended. It gives employment to thousands of miners who mine the ores out of which the iron and steel hulls are built, to thousands of timber cutters who furnish the timber necessary, to thousands of engine-builders and boiler-makers, and thousands of others directly or indirectly connected with the building of the ships, and to many thousands to sail and man them when built and put upon the water. It is a great industry which has enough within itself to make any reasonable nation appreciate and encourage it, aside from the work it does in adding to the prestige, power and wealth of a nation.

We may talk of our wealth, resources, progress, power and ability to cope with other nations, but we will never become a great commercial nor a great naval power until we have a merchant marine that can compete with the merchant marines of other nations. That we have not the best merchant marine in the world now is the fault of the bungling legislation which destroyed what we had and has made no effort to rebuild what it has destroyed. Every true American has cause to feel humiliated at our dependence on the ships of other countries to carry our commerce on the seas, a humiliation which is graphically expressed by the following, which we clip from a communication in the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*, in which the writer, commenting upon the absence of American ships and the presence of foreign ships at the docks in New York, says:

"How humiliating it is in the arrival of ships at this great port of New York to read that there had arrived yesterday from foreign ports seventeen steamships, not one of which carried an American flag; thirteen of them carried the English flag, and the other four had German, Dutch and Spanish ensigns. What a painful sight it is for an old shipowner now to walk along our deserted docks on the East River and see a few miserable coasting schooners, barges and canal boats, with here and there a coasting steamer, occupying the piers that thirty-five years ago domiciled the finest fleet of ships of their day, loading to different parts of the world, and every one of them carrying an American flag. After having made himself miserable on the East River, let him walk over to the North River and take a view of that magnificent fleet of English German and French transatlantic steamships who are sucking the life blood out of us. It must be evident to any schoolboy after this exhibition of the condition of our merchant marine that there must be something radically wrong in the policy of the lawyers who have governed the country for the last twenty years, who, by wilful neglect, gross ignorance and want of statesmanship, have made it possible for such a state of affairs to exist. Let us hope that this neglected interest may find a champion in the halls of Congress worthy of its cause, and that the day may again come when it may be possible for a citizen of this country to have his mails, his products, his manufactures, his knick-knacks, his family and himself, carried in a steamship which shall be owned and manned by his countrymen, and which may carry with honor and usefulness, his country's flag."

There is not another nation on the earth of any pretensions to respectability of which anything like this could be truthfully said, and there is not one with any sense that would permit it to be said long, if it could be said and a remedy could be found.

MINOR MENTION.

A Washington dispatch says the Republicans in Congress have no hope of the passage by this Congress of the House tariff bill or any other tariff bill. Of course they have not, and didn't have when they introduced it, and forced it through the House after a few hours' discussion. The mode of treating it was a burlesque, and the bill itself was a fraud. Pretending that it was a bill to temporarily increase the revenue to relieve the Treasury, by restoring the duty on some things placed upon the free list and increasing the duty on a few others, it cunningly embraced nearly the whole tariff list, and to all intents and purposes was a restoration of the McKinley tariff with the duties somewhat lower in some instances and higher in others. They were simply taking advantage of the necessities of the Treasury to play the part of non-partisan patriots, by coming to the relief of the Treasury, which they falsely charged had been reduced to the straits in which it was by Democratic laws and administration, although they knew they could not play it to the extent of carrying their game through. It was a fraud upon its face because the revenues were steadily increasing under the new tariff and were larger in the first year of its operation than in the first year of the McKinley law, which they proposed to restore in a slightly modified form. Of course they know it will not pass, but they knew that all the time. And some of the Republican statesmen who have been playing with this have the cheek to upbraid free silver Republicans for wasting time in agitating the silver question.

* * *

The latest cables from London are to the effect that Mr. Chamberlain and Cecil Rhodes have entered into a combination to give self government to the Uitlanders in the Transvaal, and to practically ignore the Transvaal Republic, although it is proposed to give President Kruger a sort of a veto power on the bills passed by the Uitlander parliament which this reported schemes proposes to establish. Cecil Rhodes who made a flying trip to England, had several conferences with Mr. Chamberlain, and has returned to South Africa and will take up his residence at Rhodesia, on the Transvaal border, instead of at Cape Town, and thus be nearer to the Transvaal in case his personal direction should be necessary. In substance this scheme boldly asserts the right of England to control the external and internal affairs of the Transvaal and to grant rights and privileges to residents which are denied by the Transvaal Government. Practically it makes Transvaal a mere dependency of the Great Britain, subject to her supervisory control and to such government as she chooses to establish. If this programme be carried out, it means a change of front by England, which has thus far recognized the sovereignty of the Transvaal Republic, and throws down the gauntlet to Kaiser William.

* * *

The joint resolution introduced in the Senate by Senator Cameron for the independence of Cuba is a joint humbug. As it reads it simply means that this Government request Spain to recognize the independence of Cuba just after she has put a new commander in the field in whose ability to crush the insurrection she has confidence, and who has under his command over a hundred thousand troops. Nobody with any sense supposes that Spain would pay the slightest attention to such a resolution. She would in all probability treat it with contempt. If the resolution simply went so far as to ask Spain to accede to Cuba home government, with which many of the Cubans would be content, or at least would have been some time ago, there would be some sense in it although it would have but little influence on Spain whose stupidity is commensurate with her pride and that reaches the borders of the infinite. There are now pending before Congress, in addition to this joint resolution, several concurrent, or other resolutions bearing upon belligerency or other matters connected with the insurrection, the most of which were offered for buncombe. This Government ought to do one of two things, either recognize Cuban belligerency, or independence out and out. There has been enough of talk about it.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Atlantic Monthly for February presents a splendid list of contents, by well known and popular writers. The character of the articles is varied but all are interesting. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., No. 11 East Seventeenth street, New York.

The Sanitarian for February contains a number of articles of interest and value to the physician and sanitarian. These cover the subject of sanitation on land and water, and also an interesting article on the mineral springs of Alabama. Address A. N. Bell, M. D., Editor, 291 Union street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Southern States for January, presents a lengthy article, containing reports from various Southern States, showing that the Southern farmers are in better condition now than they have been for some time, which is followed by other articles, among them one showing the agricultural capabilities of the South, and what it could do in the way of sheep raising. Published by The Manufacturers' Record Publishing Company, Baltimore, Md.

TWINKLINGS

— Nell—Mr. Sophtsope said I was a perfect picture.

Belle—He asked me where you bought your color.—*Philadelphia Record.*

— He—I may be poor, but poverty is no crime.

She—No. Merely a sin.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

— Young Artist—Do you paint, Miss Bloomhunter?

Miss Bloomhunter (indignantly)—No, sir; I don't even powder.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Mrs. Isaacstein (engaging servant)—"I hope you haven't a young man?"

Bridget—"Oh, no, mum; he's nearly fifty."—*Tit Bits.*

— "Oh, yes," continued the girl of the pre historic period, "we had birds twenty feet high in those days."

"Dear me!" exclaimed the fin de siecle person, "what lovely hats you must have had! Well, well!"—*Detroit Tribune.*

— The First Dress Suit to Hire—Sunday School Teacher—"And the prophet rent his clothes." Johnny, what does that mean?

Johnny—I s'pose he didn't have the price to buy 'em.—*Browning, King & Co's Monthly.*

— A Fin de Siecle Parent—No, papa, I tell you I won't have him! I want a title.

"But you must, Ethel. He's rich and I can give you nothing at this crisis. Wait till the next time for the title.—*Life.*

— Lincolnton *Democrat*: Elm Grove cotton mills near town, is now engaged in putting in some new machinery. When all the new machinery now coming in is put in order, the capacity of the mill will be doubled. This mill will then have 6,600 spindles.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Henderson *Gold Leaf*: A telegram was received here Sunday, conveying intelligence of the death of Mr. Alex. W. Rowland, which occurred in Chicago on Saturday. He had gone there in company with his brother, Mr. Parry Rowland, to have a surgical operation performed, but this had not been done.

— Salisbury *Truth*: George A. Hinson, a Stanly county brute, was brought up last Friday and placed in jail at this place for safe keeping until the next session of Stanly's Superior Court. Hinson is charged with committing a most vicious crime with his daughter in the presence of witnesses. The devil will certainly be at a loss as to what he will do with this fellow, if he is guilty.

— Gastonia *Gazette*: The recent increase in the capital stock of the Modena mills meant a little more than the public were perhaps looking for. Every dollar of the new stock has been subscribed and there was a demand for more, which could not be supplied. On the strength of the increase the mill will be enlarged. At a meeting last Monday the directors ordered that an addition of 100 feet be built to the present mill and equipped with 72 new looms. This increase of weaving capacity is needed to consume the product of the spindles, since the spindles run day and night and the looms by day only.

— Newton *Enterprise*: Mr. Lit Hargrave, of Charlotte, has sold a pair of his bird dogs to a fancier in Vicksburg, Miss. He got $150 for the pair.

—— On account of the fine weather during December and January the farmers have done more plowing than we ever saw at this season of the year. Most of the corn ground is all ready for planting. Sowing Spring oats is now the order of the day on the farms wherever the ground is dry enough for plowing, and some farmers are well along with this work. Last year the snows and freezes lasted so late that very little plowing could be done before the first of March.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: One day last week a boy some fifteen years old jumped out of the window of Capt. Hawkins' train between Winston and Bethania. The boy was stealing a ride and had locked himself up in the closet. The Captain knocked on the door and told the boy if he didn't open the door he would break it open. When the train reached Bethania they put up a ladder and looked in at the window, but the lad was not there. He had jumped out of the window while the train was running at a speed of about thirty miles an hour. The Captain telegraphed back to Winston and an engine was sent up the line to look for the boy but he could not be found. Later in the day he passed Rural Hall safe and sound.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Governor Morton will do himself no good by opening in Alabama so small a thing as a "keg." What is wanted by our Republican friends is a full-grown barrel. They need it.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

—— England proposes to add four more battle ships, four first class cruisers, four third class cruisers and sixty torpedo destroyers to her navy. This is a pretty good "stump" for Russia, who declared that she would lay down ship for ship with England.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— The people are beginning to suspect that a country which has so much ready money to invest in Government bonds, and yet is compelled from time to time to borrow to keep itself running, must have a financial system which is a very rare and remarkable curiosity.—*Chicago Record, Ind.*

"Gloriously False."

"That man's object is to serve his country with a sword if necessary," said Lord Brougham, speaking of the Duke of Wellington, "but he would do it with a pickax." The duke's sense of duty to his country not unfrequently made him deal with George IV in a blunt, straightforward way and even to evade obedience to the king's orders. An interesting anecdote, told in "Gossip of the Century," exhibits the duke disobeying the king that he might serve the nation.

The command of a regiment having fallen vacant, King George said to Wellington, then prime minister: "Arthur, there is a regiment vacant. Gazette Lord —— to the vacancy."

"It is impossible, please your majesty. There are generals who have seen much service, more advanced in life, whose turn should first be served."

"Never mind that, Arthur. Gazette Lord ——," replied the king.

The duke bowed, went straight from Windsor to London and gazetted Sir Ronald Ferguson, whose service entitled him to the vacancy. The king had the discretion to wink at Wellington's disobedience, whose conduct illustrated the meaning of the Latin poet Horace's splendide mendax, which may be translated, "Gloriously false" or "False in a good cause."

Declined Becoming a Saint.

A good story is told of Sir Richard Burton, who, when traveling in Afghanistan, had adopted the disguise of a Mohammedan fakir. At one village where he stopped he played his part so well that the people formed a high idea of their visitor's sanctity. He was congratulating himself indeed on the impression he had produced, when one night, to his immense surprise, the elders of the village came to him in private and earnestly advised him to go away at once. Burton asked in astonishment whether the people did not like him and was answered, oh, yes; that was just the trouble. They were all enchanted with his remarkable holiness, and considering what a splendid thing it would be to possess the relics of so good a man, whose tomb would draw whole crowds of pilgrims, they were debating with themselves whether or not it would be wise to kill him.

That is the true spirit of relic hunting all the world over. The mere physical possession of the great man's remains seems to bring him nearer, and to give you, as it were, some magical power over him. The question whether you acquired them by fair means or foul is usually considered of quite secondary importance.—Cornhill Magazine.

A Musician's Face.

The average musician's face shows but little trace of muscular activity, but evidences of trophic changes due to sympathetic disturbance are abundant. The skin, especially beneath the eyes and about the throat, tends to be full and baggy and is often filled out with local accumulations of fat. As a rule, the eyes are prominent and dreamy, the cornea is bright, and the conjunctiva glistening, but the naturally blue white of the sclerotic has given place to a duller tint.

The nose is characterless, so far as acquired qualities are concerned, and differs essentially from the clear cut nose of the man of active will or intellect. The mouth is the least constant feature, but it generally is characterized by a lax and flabby set of the lips. It is the sensuous mouth belonging to the artistic temperament, with certain specific characters superadded, which result from the same causes as are responsible for the fullness beneath the eye and chin.—Blackwood's Magazine.

HIS NARROW ESCAPE.

A METHODIST MINISTER'S EXPERIENCE WITH INDIANS.

He Was the Sole Passenger In a Stage That Was Attacked—The Driver Was Killed, and the Preacher Attempted to Take His Place—A Lucky Tumble.

The Cheyennes and Kiowas were on the warpath in 1867. Stage stations were attacked and burned, telegraph wires were torn down and thrown into wells, and all regular communication on the overland trail was abandoned. It was the duty of Captain Powell to establish the stations, leaving a guard of two or three men at each, and to push on toward Fort Lupton. The country was swarming with Indians, and small parties of white men moved only under great peril. At one point along the river the command met a stage, which presented an amusing sight. On the top sat five men, armed with long guns and revolvers, while from the inside peered a woman and three children. The captain persuaded the party to place itself under his protection, as a coach had been attacked the day before and the driver killed. At the Wisconsin ranch the coach and the dead body of the driver were brought in. The lining had been cut out and the woodwork was riddled with bullets. The savages had torn open the mail sack and distributed the letters over the plains, after tearing them open as if in search of money.

The next day at a spot called Living Springs, 40 miles north of Denver, a long, lank individual walked into camp. The stranger called for the officer in command and was conducted to Captain Powell.

"The man introduced himself as a Methodist minister from Denver," said Colonel Powell. "I asked him how he happened to be so far from home. He replied by saying that he wanted to borrow a gun. 'If a coach comes through,' said he, 'I want to go along and kill some of those red devils that were after me yesterday.' I asked the man to sit down and tell his story. He did so, saying that he was in the coach whose driver was killed the day before. I looked at him in astonishment, but he told his story in such a straightforward way that I believed it. He explained that the day before was quite warm, and after dinner he had pulled off his coat and boots, and being the only passenger in the coach had stretched himself across the seats, inside and gone to sleep. His story went as follows:

"'I had not been napping very long when I was awakened by the most infernal yelling I ever heard in my life. I looked out the window and found that 30 or 40 Indians had attacked the coach and were pouring volley after volley into it. The driver had turned the horses, and we were making remarkable speed toward Godfrey's ranch. A shot struck the driver, and he fell off the box dead.

"'Then I thought my only chance of safety lay in reaching the boot and getting hold of the lines. I climbed out of the door, crawled into the seat left vacant and discovered to my dismay that the lines had fallen between the horses and were dragging on the ground.'"

Continuing his narrative, Colonel Powell related the story as it came from the lips of the minister. The Indians continued their frightful shouts, and the terrified horses plunged forward at a pace that threatened to wreck the coach. The minister climbed down to the tongue of the coach and made a wild grab for the lines. At the same moment the coach lunged across a gully in the sand which had been formed by a storm the day before. The minister lost his hold and fell headlong into the washout. The coach passed over him, and a moment later the pursuing Indians dashed by on horseback after the coach and horses.

The minister lay perfectly still for several minutes. Then he peered over the plain to see that the coach had been stopped a short distance away and was being robbed. The minister saw only one means of escape. The Indians would certainly return for his scalp, and his only safety was in a bold dash for the Platte river, several hundred yards away. The river was wide and swift, and he might succeed in crossing to the opposite bank. The project was carried into execution. In his stocking feet the white man made a dash through 300 yards of cactus. Two red devils attempted to head him off, but the thoroughly aroused minister of the gospel far outclassed the natives of the plains as a sprinter. With a prayer upon his lips he plunged into the muddy water and reached a small island in the center of the river.

Looking back to the shore, what was the astonishment of the man to see two strangers, apparently white men, standing and beckoning him to return. The Indians had retired, and the two newcomers were officers of Fort Lupton, who were returning to the fort after a hunting trip along the river. The minister swam to shore and was escorted to a place of safety.

Colonel Powell remained at Fort Lupton for several months until the Indians quieted down and danger had passed away. Then he hauled down the flag and abandoned the post, marching to Denver in order to cross the Platte river, on his way to Fort Laramie. At that time the only bridge on the Platte river between the Missouri river and the mountains was at Sixteenth street in Denver.—Denver News.

Australia's Rich Men.

A large number of the millionaires who constitute the plutocracy of Australia and who practically rule the roost out there are, if not ex-convicts, at any rate the offspring or descendants of individuals who made the trip out in manacles and who left home for their country's good. This is one of the reasons why colonial magnates—no matter how wealthy, generous and respectable—are always looked upon with a certain degree of suspicion.—Chicago Record.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES



MADE FROM

High Grade Tobacco

AND

ABSOLUTELY PURE

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Moon's Effect on Peas and Beans.

In the works of most old authors who have written on the subject of agriculture, or astrology as it is supposed to affect agriculture, frequent allusions are made to the influence of the moon on the growth of plants. In all these books the husbandman is especially cautioned to sow seed of a certain kind during the increase of the moon, and those of another kind during its decrease. Peas and beans were accorded their share of this superstition, the careful gardener being especially admonished never to sow such crops during the period between new and full moon.

Sir Anthony Fitz Herbert says, "Take special care to sow your pease in the 'old' of the moon, 'cause then they will codd better and be sooner ripe."

Thomas Tusser writes to the same effect when he says:

Sow peas or beans in the wane of the moon;
Who soweth them sooner, he soweth too soon;
That they with the planet may rest and rise,
And flourish with bearing most plentiful wise.

—St. Louis Republic.

A Disappointing Haul.

"Some folks say," said a fisherman, "that if a fish once gets into a pound net it never gets out until it is taken out, but as a matter of fact fish often get out of pound nets. It is common for sheepshead, bluefish, Spanish mackerel and shad to get out of them. I've been to a pound net on a Sunday and counted 285 bluefish, and when the net was hauled on Monday found only four or five. The fish get in, and if they find the opening and get started right they can get out. They follow one another like a flock of sheep."—New York Sun.

What He Wondered.

"You seem thoughtful, Henry," said Mr. Meekton's better half.

"Yes, an idea just struck me."

"What was it?"

"I was wondering whether, by next season, the new woman will be gentlemanly enough to take her hat off in the theater."—Washington Star.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5¼
Standard	7¼	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	13¼	@	14
Sides ℔	7½	@	7¾
Shoulders ℔	6¾	@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔	5¾	@	6
Shoulders ℔	5½	@	4¾
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℔	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	42½	@	45
Virginia Meal	43½	@	45
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State	....	@	10
COFFEE—℔—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15½	@	20
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	-		5¾
Yarns, ℔ Bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	13½	@	14
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 75	@	3 85
First Patent		@	4 25
GLUE—℔—	7½	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	45	@	47½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47	@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½	@	42½
Oats, from store	32½	@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	50	@	60
HIDES, ℔—			
Green	....	@	6
Dry	....	@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern	....	@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔—			
Northern	6½	@	9
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	..	@	22
" " " in bbls	....	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	....	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 30
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	11 00
Rump		@	11 00
Prime		@	11 00
ROPE, ℔	10	@	22
SALT ℔ sack Alum	....	@	75
Liverpool	....	@	65
Lisbon	....	@	
American		@	65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	....	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔—Standard Grann'd	5½	@	5¼
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4½
C Yellow		@	7⅝
SOAP, ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead	....	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	30	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	2 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ℔—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	12½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 11.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 26¼ cents per gallon for country and 26¾ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1 30 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 90 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 30 for Hard and $1 70 for Yellow Dip and Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 28½c; rosin, strained, $1.05; good strained $1 10, tar $1.00; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	77
Rosin	2,101
Tar	197
Crude Turpentine	25

Receipts same day last year—36 casks spirits turpentine, 173 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar, 00 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Steady. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6¼	" "
Low Middling	7 7-16	" "
Middling	7⅞	" "
Good Middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 5c.

Receipts—58 bales; same day last year 85.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 3@5 per cent., last loan at 3, and closing offered at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 6@7 per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills 486½@486¼ for sixty days and 487½@487¾ for demand. Commercial bills 485½@486. Government bonds easier; United States coupon fours 110½; United States twos 95. State bonds higher; North Carolina fours 103¼ North Carolina sixes 122. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was steady.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, February 11—Evening—Cotton easy; middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling 8 3-16c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; February 7 75, March 7 84; April 7 89, May 7 93, June 7 96, July 7 98, August 7 96, September 7 73, October 7 58, November 7 53, December 7 55. Sales 150,900 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 878 bales; gross 10,206 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 1,278 bales; sales —— bales, sales to spinners 220 bales; stock (actual) 187,201 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 23,704 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,980 bales; to France 9,100 bales; to the Continent —— bales; stock 866,486 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 60,518 bales; exports to Great Britain 42,009 bales; to France 12,761 bales; to the Continent 26,324 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 4,164,930 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,883,393 bales; exports to France 377,125 bales; exports to the Continent 1,166,306 bales.

NEW YORK, February 11—Flour was quiet, firm and unchanged; Southern flour quiet, unchanged; common to extra fair $2 40@3 00, good to choice $3 00@3 30. Wheat—spot dull and easier with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 80c, afloat 81½c; options advanced ⅛c, fell ⅛@⅜c, rallied ⅛c and closed steady at ⅛@⅜c below yesterday, with a moderate trade; No. 2 red February 78¼; March 74½c; May 72c; June and July 71⅝c. Corn—spot dull and ⅛@⅛c lower, closing steady; No. 2 at elevator 36⅜c; afloat 37¼; options were dull and at ⅜c decline; February 36⅜c; May 36½c; June 36⅜c; July 37½c. Oats—spot quiet and steady No. 2 25½c; No. 2 white and Chicago 26½c; mixed Western 25½@26½c; options dull and irregular; February 25⅜c; May 25⅝c. Hay quiet, easy and unchanged. Beef quiet and unchanged, beef hams dull at $15 50; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $15 00@16 00. Cut meats quiet and easy; pickled bellies 5½c; shoulders 4½@4⅝c; hams 8½@8⅜c. Lard quiet and weak, Western steam $5 7; city $5 20@5 25; May $5 90, nominal; refined inactive, Continent $5 95; South America $6 25; compound $4 75@5 00. Pork dull and easy; old mess $10 50@10 75. Butter in fair demand; fancy firm; State dairy 9@18c; do creamery 13@16½c; Western dairy 10@14c; Elgins 19c. Cotton seed oil dull and lower; crude 22½c; yellow prime 26@26½; do off grade 25½@26c. Rice firm, in fair demand and unchanged. Molasses fairly active, firm and unchanged. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4¾@5c. Coffee quiet and 5 to 10 p points down; March $12 50@12 55, April $12 20; May $12 05@12 15; September $11 05@11 10, November $11 00; December $10 85@10 95; spot Rio steady, No. 7 $13 12½. Sugar—raw firm and more active; fair refining 3½c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅝c; refined steady and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool quiet; cotton by steam ⅛d asked; grain by steam 2⅛d asked.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11—Cash quotations: Flour—market was dull and unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 64½@65½c; No. 2 red 67½@69. Corn—No. 2 27⅜c Oats—No. 2 19½. Mess pork, per bbl, $9 87½@10 10. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 42½@5 45 Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs $5 05@5 10. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs $4 75@5 00 Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs. $5 25@5 37½. Whiskey per gallon $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing. Wheat—No. 2 February 64@64¾, 64¾, 63½, 63⅝⅜c; May 66@66¾, 66¾, 65¾, 65½c; July 65¾, 66¼, 65¼, 65⅝@65¾. Corn—February 28¼, 28¼, 27¾, 27¾; May 30¼, 30¼, 29⅞, 29⅞c; July 31¼, 31¼@31⅜, 31, 31; September 32¼, 32¼, 32¼, 32¼c. Oats—No. 2 February 19¼, 19¼, 18⅞, 19; May 21¼, 21¼, 20⅞, 20⅞@21; July 21½, 21½, 21¼, 21¼. Mess pork, per bbl, February $9 85, 9 85, 9 85, 9 8; May $10 22½, 10 22½, 10 00, 10 02½; July $10 25, 10 25, 10 20, 10 20. Lard, per 100 lbs, February 5 42½, 5 42½, 5 42½, 5 42½; May $5 65, 5 65, 5 57½, 5 60, July $5 77½, 5 77½, 5 70, 5 72½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, February $5 02½, 5 02½, 5 02½, 5 02½; May $5 25, 5 27½, 5 17½, 5 20; July $5 35, 5 35, 5 27½, 5 27½.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; No. 2 red, spot and February 73½@74c; May 73@73½c; Southern wheat, by sample, 75@76½c; do on grade 72@75c. Corn easy; mixed spot and February 33@33½c; March 33⅜@33½c; April 34@34½c; May 35½@35½c; Steamer mixed 31½@31½c; Southern white 33@34c. Oats strong; No. 2 white Western 28c; No. 2 mixed do 26c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Feb. 11—Galveston, dull at 7⅝c; net receipts 2,094 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 7 13-16c, net receipts 2,114 bales; Baltimore, dull at 8¼, net receipts 200 bales; Boston, dull at 8 3-16c, net receipts 1,674 bales; Wilmington, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 58 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8 7-16, net receipts 300 bales Savannah, quiet at 7⅝c, net receipts 2,763 bales, New Orleans, quiet at 7⅝c, net receipts 12,808 bales; Mobile quiet at 7⅝c, net receipts 885 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅝c, net receipts 861 bales; Augusta, dull at 7⅝c, net receipts 812 bales; Charleston, steady at 7 11-16, net receipts 335 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 11.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, market quiet and prices easier. American middling 4 9-16d. Sales 8,000 bales, of which 7,200 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 48,000 bales, of which 43,800 were American. Futures opened easy and demand poor. March and April 4 25-64d; April and May 4 24 64d; May and June 4 23 64d; June and July 4 23-64d; July and August 4 23-64d; August and September 4 20 64d; October and November 4 7 64d. American spot grades 1 32d lower. American middling fair 4⅞d; good middling 4⅝d; middling 4 17 32d; low middling 4 7-16d; good ordinary 4 5-16d; ordinary 4⅛d.

4 P M—February 4 26-64@4 27 64d buyer; February and March 4 25 64@4 26 64d seller; March and April 4 24 64@4 25 64d value; April and May 4 23 64@4 24 64d seller; May and June 4 22 64@4 23 64d buyer; June and July 4 22-64@4 23 64d seller; July and August 4 22-64d buyer; August and September 4 19-64@4 20-64d buyer; September and October 4 10 64@4 11-64d buyer; October and November 4 6 64@4 7-64d buyer; November and December 4 6 64d value; Futures closed quiet.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Croatan, Hansen, New York, H G Smallbones.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Black, Clear Run, R R Love.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Black, Clear Run, R R Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 12, 1896.

STEAMSHIPS.

Naparina (Br), 1,054 tons, Greechy Alex Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Estelle, 389 tons, Hutchinson, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Sierra (Br), 124 tons, Morris, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Robert A Snyder, 357 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Victory (Br), 181 tons, Munroe Geo Harriss, Son & C.

John S Barker (Br), 289 ton, Robertson Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Bertha Warner, 431 tons, Rummell, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Eva May, 150 tons, Small, Jas T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Glenudal (Nor), — tons, Tonnesen, Heide & Co.

Antares (Ger), 466 tons, Rachlen, E Peschau & Co.

BRIGS.

M C Haskell, 333 tons, Winfield, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

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J. S. McRae, Maxton.
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G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

June 8 lm

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National Bank references. New York Cotton Exchange references. New York Stock Exchange references, Chicago Board of Trade references.

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Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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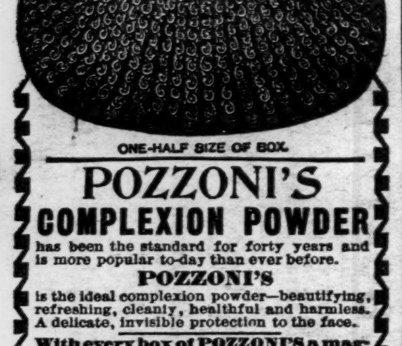
Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

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With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

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Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

dec 27 1y fr su we

The Morning Star.

A BABY I KNOW.

God's angel was bidden to make her fair,
So he wove the sunshine into her hair.
He took of the midnoon's cloudless skies
And fashion'd therefrom her two blue eyes.
He washed her white with the sinless snows
And painted her cheeks with the dawn's faint rose.
He dimpled her tiny hands and feet,
He made her sunny and soft and sweet,
He molded her round white limbs with art,
He got her from heaven a pure child heart.
Then he kiss'd her lips and her brow and eyes
And brought her, sleeping, from paradise.
Such virtue lies in those kisses three
That, how so weary at heart are we,
The look and the smile on our baby's face
Bring rest and comfort and endless grace.
—Bessie Gray in Ladies' Home Journal.

A LITTLE DEAL.

"Presents, clothes, honeymoon. How on earth can one leave out either?" asked George Littlecash of himself, earnestly drilling his penholder into a much furrowed forehead. "There never was a wedding without presents. As for no honeymoon—why, Hetty would be justified in crying off before the very altar."

What had placed our friend in this unpleasant quandary was, to begin with, Uncle Piper's check for £500. It was a check to marry Hetty and set up house with, and qua cash was satisfactory enough, but accompanied with the wise avuncular injunction, "George, marry on a cash basis—cash, mind—or never look me in the face again." Such excellent advice, plus a £500 check, it is impossible for a nephew to spurn, especially a nephew in love.

And then, when he had this gold mine of untold wealth in his pocket and a full ocean of happiness to look forward to, George fell into the toils of a plausible fellow, Tom Scherer of the well known city firm of Mouton, Scherer & Walker. Scherer had such a taking way of remembering and cherishing affectionately one Christian name.

"Ah! Congratulate you, my dear George. Coming off next month, eh? Happy man! Some of you fellows have the devil's own luck. And just in time, too, for me to put you on to one of the nicest little chances of making a comfortable nest egg for the happy home, one of the prettiest chances you ever had. But come into Pipps' and have a coffee."

Pipps', that long, low, smoky "dive" in Throgmorton street, was crowded with easy mannered gentlemen in silk hats, or in no hats at all, who conversed in pairs and groups with electrical energy. They could not hear themselves for their own talking. "Sell at five three eight," "Book you thousand," "Buy six quarter," "Sell," "Buy," "Panjandrums," "Rhodes," "Barney's stock," "Struck Bibble bobble reef," "Last crushing ten ounces"—such were some of the scraps of jargon that emerged above the din in flashes of comparative silence, while ever and anon a gentleman would draw from his vest pocket a little notebook and pencil some entry or other. Almost deafened at first by the hubbub, George Littlecash was soon in the whirlpool himself, an eager listener to Mr. Scherer's glowing tales indicative of the pecuniary advantage certain to result from a small punt in the South African "boom."

"Eighty thou' in one deal, my dear George—what d'ye think of that, eh? Springett went nap on Gold Bug Extensions—put on every penny he could scrape together till he hadn't a cent to swear by and came out 80,000 golden sovereigns to the good. And yet you say it isn't worth trying. My dear George, faint heart never maintained a fair lady, if it won her."

The upshot was that George figured up his liabilities against his check and handed over to the trusty Scherer £250 to be converted in two days or some such reasonable time into £2,500.

"Done!" cried Scherer as he penciled the little transaction in his notebook.

And "done" George was, for next day when he looked at "Mines" in the money column he found Gold Bugs had crawled down stairs three-eighths.

"What do you advise, Scherer?" asked George when they met in the city.

"Never advise, my dear George. Don't do it—on principle. 'Cut your losses, let your profits run,' is our old wheeze. But it's no good being too hasty. This fall is simply due to somebody being in too big a hurry to pocket a profit. But you judge for yourself, dear boy; that's what I advise."

Next day Gold Bugs had crawled down stairs two or three steps more.

"It's nothing, George," said the optimistic Scherer. "Weak holders couldn't last out. That's my explanation. Still don't be guided by me."

Next day after that Gold Bugs had fallen so heavily that you couldn't find anybody to pick them up again at any price. And just then of course to make amends George Littlecash was reminded by his tailor of "that little account" which had been overlooked so many quarters. It was in this doleful hour as he sat savagely biting his lips, knitting his brows and inwardly cursing Scherer and all his works that he glanced vaguely at a copy of The Evening Intelligence.

"Renewed Activity In Rand Shares" was the line in large type that caught the disconsolate investor's eye as the paper lay on his desk.

"Confound Rand shares!" he ejaculated fervently, wheeling around as though from a too affectionate snake.

Just then, as luck had it, in popped the beaming and expansive Scherer.

"Why, George, my dear boy, you're looking as ghastly as James Canham Read when he was 'taken from life,' as the waxworks bill says. Nothing serious, I hope? Gal chucked you?"

"Look here, Scherer, I don't want you blarneying again. I've had quite enough of Rand shares, thanks—in fact, a long site too much."

"Rand shares? Why, my dear fellow," Scherer returned, with a look of pained virtue, "you really don't mean to tell me that's what put you down in the dumps—that little matter of two-fifty, when you stood to win as many thousands! Bless my soul!" Scherer's eye had just caught the line in The Evening Intelligence. "Have you seen the paper tonight?"

"No," replied George, whose back was turned, "nor want to. I'm sick of the whole thing. You knew, for I told you, I couldn't risk anything under the circumstances unless it was absolutely certain."

"And that's what you call 'risk?'"

"Oh, hang! I know it's my own fault—only don't bother me with any more of these fine tales."

"Now, I call this very unkind of you, George," said Scherer, injured. "I do indeed." And so saying Mr. Scherer cast an eye down the money column. When it reached "Gold Bugs," that particular eye flared up like a fusee.

"Now, what should you say if Gold Bugs went up again to 5¼, eh?"

"Rot!"

"Right you are, dear boy. 'Rot,' is it? Well, well, you think I misled you about that little deal, eh?"

"Well, if you want plain speaking, Mr. Scherer, I think you did."

"And you and I friends, George! This is what comes of trying to do a man a good turn! Now, what do you say if I offer to take those shares off your hands again, since you're so cut up over 'em?"

"At a shilling apiece, I suppose. Ha, ha!"

"A shilling apiece? No, sir; not at 'a shilling apiece.' I'll give you what you gave for 'em and 'a shilling apiece' over to soothe your injured feelings. What d'ye think of that?"

Mr. Scherer found his magnanimity so exhilarating that he drew himself up, threw open his coat and slipped George's Evening Intelligence into his own pocket.

"You doubt my honesty and my good faith, eh, my dear sir," he said, pulling out his checkbook and a roll of notes. Last week you paid me £250. If you will be so good as to hand me back the scrip, I shall have much pleasure in handing you my check for £262 10s., or perhaps," he added, with cutting sarcasm, "since you doubt my honesty you would prefer Bank of England notes?"

George, who had risen, half dazed, had just enough presence of mind to gasp in his astonishment:

"If it's all the same to you, I should."

"Certainly, my dear sir."

"I'm only delighted to hand it back to you," said George fervently as he passed over the scrip and received the crisp notes and gleaming gold in exchange.

"And yet, strange to say," laughed Scherer, "I can assure you I'm no less delighted to take it back. Ha, ha, ha! Ha, ha, ha!" for some moments the cachination prevented speech. When Scherer found breath, he remarked to his bewildered friend: "My dear George, let me give you a word of advice—in fact, two words. Don't doubt your friend's honesty again, and when you hold active shares keep a sharp eye on the papers. Ha, ha, ha!"

"The papers?" echoed Littlecash. Why, no, I haven't seen tonight's paper yet," and he struck a bell.

"Yes, sir?" said the office boy.

"Where's tonight's evening paper, Tippetts?"

"Ain't come in yet, sir."

"Oh, yes, it has," corrected Mr. Scherer, choking with laughter as he produced The Evening Intelligence. "I just—just mechanicallly picked it up for a moment myself."

But the office boy triumphed.

"That's a hold one, sir. Tonight's ain't come in not yet, sir."

"Not come in!" shrieked Scherer, turning to the date. "Why, good Lord! The d——d paper's a month old!"

Mr. Scherer's exclamations as he sank into George's chair were so shockingly profane that even the office boy turned pale and expected a flash of lightning.

George got his friend out of the office at last, but made a point of handing him back the odd £12 10—"to soothe his feelings." The wedding took place, and Uncle Piper will never know the particulars of George's first—and last—little adventure on the Stock Exchange.
—St. James Budget.

A NEW WAY TO PURIFY WATER.

Chemicals Said to Be Superior to Either Boiling or Filtering.

According to Dr. Dupont, a physician of Paris, writing in Les Annales d'Hygiene Publique, a safe and effective method of purifying water by chemical action has been discovered. Dr. Dupont notes that hitherto the methods of purifying drinking water have been by filtration and by the action of heat. Filtration is the oldest and least effective method. Even filtration through porous porcelain, the most effective substance known, cannot always be trusted, especially after the apparatus has been long in use. Dr. Dupont does not assert that boiling fails to destroy noxious germs, but he says that it often leaves in the water organic matter that might be dangerous to health, and that boiling makes water less digestible by robbing it of its gases. He instances a case in which water from the Seine was found after boiling to contain more microbes than before.

M. Girar, director of the municipal laboratory of Paris, and Dr. Bordas, a pupil of Professor Brouardel, have recently presented to the Academy of Sciences, through the chemist Friedel, a communication on the purification of water by chemical action. The chemicals used are permanganate of lime and binoxide of manganese. The permanganate of lime, coming in contact with organic matter and micro organisms, destroys them and decomposes itself into oxygen, oxide of manganese and lime. Then, to carry off the surplus of permanganate and complete the purification, the water is poured over binoxide of manganese. Oxygen in the nascent state is thus freed, and it burns up any remaining germs. There remain then in the apparatus inferior oxides of manganese, which hasten to reoxidize themselves and furnish again a certain quantity of binoxide of manganese. The water, as thus finally purified, contains a little lime in the form of a bicarbonate and traces of oxygenated water.

A very small quantity of permanganate of lime is used in this process. Not more than 1.8 grains troy to about a quart of water taken from the Seine at a point near Paris resulted in the production of perfectly pure water as wholesome as spring water. Dr. Dupont says that if the process can be made successful on a large scale the question of purifying water is settled. Water containing 100,000 colonies of microbes per cubit centimeter can thus be purified, and ice placed in water with permanganate of lime is also quickly sterilized.

Attacked by a Moose.

A correspondent, writing from Mecunoma, Muskoka, to the Montreal Witness, gives an interesting account of an adventure with a moose. While making a toboggan trail through a pine forest he came upon a moose yard, and on looking round saw one of the "giants of the forest" about 50 yards distant.

After a moment, he writes, the moose turned and walked behind a hill, which, though not high, was steep. I ran to the top with all speed, hoping to get a view of the lordly creature as he made his way through the bush. I could not see him at first, but on looking down the steep incline there he was, and ten yards away.

He turned to make off, but striking his ribs against the projecting limb of a small hemlock he was thrown down and round the tree, and as he rose he faced me. It was now my turn to run, for the moose charged at me with erected mane, expressing his rage by a fierce bellow.

In turning I stumbled, the ground being very uneven, and his feet nearly came down on me as I dodged among some trees. I tried to strike with my hatchet, the only weapon I had, but did not succeed in injuring my pursuer. With some difficulty I at last got into the deep snow, where my snowshoes were of more use to me.

The moose still pursued me, roaring at intervals, and one who has not heard a moose roar can form but little idea of the terrible bellowing. After several attempts to strike me with his front feet he balked and stood about 20 yards away pawing and roaring. I seized this opportunity to climb a tree, and soon after the animal turned and made off.

Of all the adventures I have had in the bush—and they number a few—the one I have just related came the nearest to being my death.

Unnecessary Trouble.

Hogan—Oi have a joke on Houghlighan. They was a felly kem into his place an took three drinks in rapid secession av his whisky an thin pulled a gun an shot himself.

Grogan—Oi think the joke is on the man. Fwat for did he go to the trouble av buin a gun afther three drinks av Houghlighan's whisky?—Cincinnati Tribune.

TO WOMEN.

Women suffer from many weaknesses!

Women complain of bearing down sensations and backaches.

Women are oftentimes weak, gloomy and despondent.

Women need not suffer if they will be wise.

Women can avoid all this suffering by taking Warner's Safe Cure.

Women who have tried it know that it always gives relief.

Women who wish to know more about this great health-giver should write to Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y., for treatment blank and illustrated pamphlet.

HE JUST STANDS STILL.

That Is His Business, and He Makes Fun For the Crowd.

Any man can have lots of fun in this world if he only knows how to start out for it. No hard work is necessary. This is proved by the fact that the man who probably furnishes more fun for himself and other folks than any single individual on or off the stage doesn't do a single thing but stand still.

Probably every man, woman and child in Chicago has seen standing in front of a big business house at the corner of Clark and Madison streets a tall, well built colored man, wearing a bottle green coachman's livery, white helmet and white gloves. His name is Alphonso Costello. He was formerly a member of the city police force and has been a private detective and a constable. His duty now is really only to attract attention to the house where he is employed and to act as usher to patrons who come in carriages.

Some men would get mighty tired and lonesome with nothing to do but stand in front of a big store all day, but he doesn't. Whenever time hangs heavily on his hands and he feels the need of recreation, he strikes a statuesque position and fixes his eye on the advertisement of a "sure death to cockroaches" sign across the street.

The attitude never fails to attract the attention of passersby. As soon as one person stops to satisfy himself whether "it" is a statue or a real, live man the fun begins. Everybody else stops to look too. The comments of the crowd make no impression on the figure standing before it. Then the more inquisitive—and that doesn't bar the gentler sex—begin poking with parasols or their fingers "to see if the thing will move."

Alphonso catches his breath and another crowd. He repeats the trick maybe 20 times a day, and it always works to his satisfaction and that of the clerks inside.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A TRUE HERO.

Though a Complete Physical Wreck, a Chicago Man Lives For Others.

Eighteen years a physical wreck, laid upon his back, with the principal joints of the body as rigid as iron, and yet with a brain as bright and active and useful as many of the most active men of Chicago, describes the condition of one whom we often see as we pass his office window. He is a lawyer and has quite a good paying business, although to see him you would wonder how he could hold a pen. He is the editor of a paper called The Cripples' Friend, which is bright and cheery. He is the head of a society for the relief of the needy, but especially cripples, by raising funds for them and getting suitable employment and places of usefulness suited to each case. He is also attorney for some society that seeks the enforcement of law and the protection of innocent people from imposition, and he is ready to assist the churches in their work and do good in all directions.

This man is an example of what a Christian can do under difficulties by the grace of God. Many would say that they could do nothing, but depend on others to be fed and cared for as babes. But not so with this man. He not only maintains himself, but makes himself a blessing all around. With no hope of ever rising from his cot, except as lifted by other hands, he patiently works and waits for the coming of his Lord. How many there are who, with strong, healthy bodies, use their powers only to drown their souls in destruction and perdition!—Christian Instructor.

The Motionless Tiger.

Now and then a soldier has been found kneeling on the battlefield as if about to take aim at the enemy, but stone dead. A bullet in the brain had converted him into a statue of himself. Captain Forsyth, in his "Highland of Central India," tells of a similar effect produced by an explosive shell on a tiger.

The captain, while in the howdah of his trained elephant hunting a tiger, saw the beast crouching under a bush on the bank of a ravine. He got a steady shot and fired a three ounce shell at the tiger's broad forehead.

To his surprise, for the distance was but 30 yards, there was no result. Not a motion of the tiger acknowledged the shot.

He rode round a quarter of the circle, but still the tiger remained motionless, but looking intently in the same direction. Growing more and more amazed, the captain rode nearer, with his rifle on full cock, but the tiger did not move. Then he caused the elephant to kick the beast. The tiger fell over. He was stone dead. The shell had struck him full in the center of the forehead, burst in his brain and killed him instantly.

Servants Who Will Not Take Tips.

The servants in a well ordered Japanese household are the most deferential beings alive. Every time they bring you a cup of tea or come to remove a dish at dinner or breakfast, they will kneel and bow until their foreheads touch the floor. Nor will any of them accept a fee. The other night, as we left the residence of the Japanese gentleman where we had been taking dinner, one of his servants piloted us through the grounds to the gate, where our carriage was waiting, and I attempted to give him a small coin. When I offered it, he clasped his hands together and made a very low bow, keeping his head down until the carriage started.—Chicago Record.

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ORIENTAL WARES

in every conceivable shape.

We had a thousand pieces when the season began. We have a hundred pieces now. They are worth the first price. Will you take them at a SACRIFICE? Remember that you take them at just HALF the marked price.

DOLLS.

Those pretty Dolls will be sold for half the marked price. These Dolls will not last long at these prices.

Lace Curtains.

CURTAINS THAT SOLD FOR

$7.00	this	week	$4.75
5.00	"	"	3.50
4.00	"	"	2.55
3.50	"	"	2.25
2.50	"	"	1.40
2.25	"	"	1.35
2.00	"	"	1.25
1.75	"	"	1.15
1.50	"	"	1.00

These are samples. Call early.

Mattings,

NEW MATTINGS.

Twenty-five pieces Matting just arrived. This lot of Mattings represent a portion of a large import order given by us during the Fall. Mattings are cheaper than last year. You can get a very good Matting for 12½c a yard. We have about 150 yards at that price, for which you have paid 16⅔c a yard. You must examine the line shown at 15c per yard, also at 20, 25 and 30c a yard.

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No. 29 North Front St.

P. S.—On the 1st January BILLS will be rendered for all accounts on my Books, and I will appreciate an early settlement of same. Thanking the public for their generous patronage during the past year, I will make every effort to merit a continuance of same in the future.

dec 29 tf



LITTLE GIRL (*to village store-keeper*) "Mommer sent me back and says as she wants Pond's Extract, and not this wot you said was jest as good. There ain't any so good as Pond's Extract."

aug 95 D&W m e 1

WEAK MEN

CURED AS IF BY MAGIC.

Victims of Lost Manhood should send at once for a book that explains how full manly vigor is easily, quickly and permanently restored. No man suffering from weakness can afford to ignore this timely advice. Book tells how full strength, development and tone are imparted to every portion of the body. Sent with positive proofs (sealed) *free* to any man on application.



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In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
2 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 55	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Maysville..........Lv	11 09
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville.......Lv	9 55
5 3	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 31, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.16 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.38 p m, Tarboro 2.35 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.32 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 3.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.18 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.18 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4.30 p m; Parmele 6.20 p. m., arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.40 p m; Sunday 3.45 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.00 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.50 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11.30 a m and 7.15 p m., Lucknow 1.00 p m, and 8.15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.00 a m and 3.30 p m. Daily except Sunday

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a. m. arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.19 a m, Rowland 9.37 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.16 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6.40 p m, arrive Clio 8.05 p m, returning leave Clio 6.10 a m, arrive Latta 7.50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, *8.50 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.20 a m, *9.20 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville *10 a m and 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 8.54 p m, Gibson 9.20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 3.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 5.50 a m, Bennettsville 6.16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, *6.40 a m Darlington 7.20 a m, *7.25 p m, 4.30 p m, 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.50 a m, *7.50 a m, 5 p m, 6.45 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.05 p m, Manning 6.33 p m, arrive Lane's 7.12 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Faverteville 4.30 p m, 1.15 a m, Rowland 6.09 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.37 a m, Fayetteville 10.58 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.35 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7.25 a m, arrives Sumter †8.55 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †4.40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4.33 a m, arrives Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4.17 p m, arrive Sumter 6.05 p m. Leaves Pregnall †6.50 a m, arrives Sumter †6.05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6.15 p m, arrives Darlington †7.15 p m. †Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

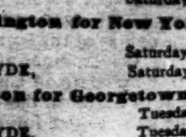
H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 8 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday,	Feb. 15
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Feb. 22

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Feb. 15
GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday,	Feb. 22

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Feb. 11
GEO. W. CLYDE,	Tuesday,	Feb. 18

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For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. feb 9 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	10 33 a m
4 33 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	12 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv....Sanford.....Lv	12 19 p. m
1 22 a m	Lv.....Climax......Lv	2 25 "
1 03 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro...Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 35 "
11 05 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 71 "
9 25 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 30 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 25 a. m.
6 12 "	Lv......Maxton.....Ar	9 13 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 28 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 52

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv.....Climax......Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro................	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale................	10 50 "
Arrive Madison..................	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison..................	12 25 p m
Leave Stokesdale................	1 23 "
Arrive Greensboro...............	2 25 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

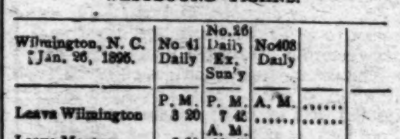
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

dec 8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. Jan. 26, 1896.	No 41 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 408 Daily		
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......	
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 42	......	......	
		A. M.			
Leave Maxton	6 1?	12 45	......	......	
Arrive Hamlet	6 55	2 05	......	......	
Leave Hamlet	7 15	2 50	8 08	......	
Leave Wadesboro	8 05	4 13	8 49	......	
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	9 25	......	
Leave Monroe	9 10	6 30	9 55	......	
Arrive Charlotte	10 00	7 45	10 4?	......	
Leave Charlotte			10 45	......	
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......	
			P. M.	......	
Leave Shelby			1 00	......	
Arr Rutherfordton			2 10	......	

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No 402 Daily		
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 35		
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58		
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55		
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20		
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20		
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 30	9 00		
Leave Monroe	6 07	11 05	9 15		
Leave Wadesboro	7 05	12 43	9 54		
		A. M.			
Arrive Hamlet	7 55	2 05	10 34		
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30			
Leave Maxton	9 29	3 36			
	P. M.				
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05			

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4.09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule Between Wilmington and Portsmouth.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m
Arrive Portsmouth	7.30 a m
Leave Portsmouth	12.01 a m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 noon

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 409, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R A A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

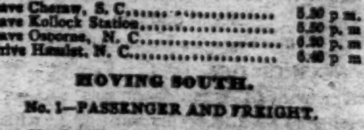
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.

jan 16 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Dec. 2, 1895.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C......................	5.20 p. m
Leave Kollock Station...................	5.50 p. m
Leave Osborne, N. C....................	6.20 p. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C....................	6.40 p. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C......................	8.40 a. m
Arrive Osborne, N. C....................	9.00 a. m
Leave Kollock Station..................	9.20 a. m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C......................	9.50 a. m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

dec 7 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

THE SUN

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined two to five points, but rallied, the crop months closing one to three points lower, and the next crop unchanged to two points higher. The close was steady after sales of 150,000 bales.

To-day's features: With Liverpool lower and receipts comparatively liberal, with Manchester sluggish, cotton goods in this country very quiet, and spot markets for raw cotton quiet and declining, it is not at all surprising that futures should have given way in New York to-day. Still they rallied before the close, particularly the new crop months. A belief that the difference between the grades will be revised very shortly tends to strengthen March, and there was also a rumor that an exporting house stands ready to receive 20 000 bales on March contracts. All these tended to give a steadier tone to the market before the close. Some of the New York bears were covering this afternoon, there was less pressure to sell and more disposition to buy. The Venezuelan question is now believed to be out of the way Money is tending towards lower rates. Too many people are banking on a big acreage and a big crop next season and every now and then the shorts in the next crop months find that they have oversold themselves. That was the case to-day and those months accordingly closed higher, though this crop wound up a shade lower, partly because of selling for Liverpool and Continental account.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower—Decline in Prices of Pork Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11—Weakness held complete possession of the wheat market to-day and as a result of the depressed conditions values showed a net loss of ⅜c. News favorable to prices was sadly needed and the lack of encouraging intelligence led more than one holder to dispose of his wheat. May wheat opened at 66⅜@66c, sold between 66⅛ and 65⅛c, closing at 65⅝c—⅜c under yesterday. Cash wheat was weak and ⅛c lower.

The decline in wheat placed corn in a discouraging light, the sympathy existing between the grains causing the latter to lose by the weakness of the former. The trading was of the kind which usually precedes a holiday and consisted of evening up of former contracts. May corn opened at 30⅛c, declined to 29⅞c, where it closed—⅛c under yesterday. Cash corn was ⅛c lower.

The oats market held firm at the beginning of the session, but untimely yielded to the pressure surrounding it. Trading was in the main slow and quiet. May oats closed ⅛@⅜c under yesterday. Cash oats were steady.

The combined influence of cheaper hogs and a weaker wheat market was too much for product, and under heavy selling of long stuff prices ruled weak and lower all day. A heavy line was sold by a prominent commission man early in the session, some comment thereon taking place. At the close, May pork was 22½@25c under yesterday; May lard 5c lower, and May ribs 7½@10c lower.

DRY GOODS MARKET

Indications of Improvement in the General Demand.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 11.—The *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*, in its weekly review of the dry goods market to day, says: "There have been important developments in the dry goods market since the date of the last review, on the great success of the bond issue, the easier tendency of the money market and the revision to a lower scale of the prices of bleached cottons. These have all been in favor of the adoption of a more liberal policy on the part of buyers, and in various directions, at the close, sellers claim clear indications of less conservative buying, apart from the increased movement in bleached cottons, the direct outcome of the new range of values. There is room for considerable increase yet in the general demand before the market reaches an active condition, but it is encouraging to see that something is being done to shake off the lethargy of the past few months.

FREIGHT ASSOCIATION.

Executive Board in Session at Savannah—The Rate Committee Will Consider Many Important Subjects.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH GA., February 11.—The Executive Board of the Southern States' Freight Association met at the Desoto hotel to-day and considered seventeen cases of minor importance, cases of appeal from the Rate Committee's actions, etc. The Rate Committee will be in session to-morrow, beginning at 11 o'clock, and as it has eighty-nine subjects before it, will likely be in session until Friday.

Col. H. S. Haines, commissioner, presided at the meetings.

The Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association is expected to send a committee before the Rate Committee to-morrow to make another request for a differential rate on less than car load lots of provisions. This request was refused once before and may be again, but the grocers are going to make another trial.

FIRE IN WASHINGTON.

The River Front Seriously Menaced—Loss About $30,000

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 11.—The river front of Washington was seriously menaced by a fire this morning, which it was feared would spread into a great conflagration on account of a gale without rain prevailing at the time. The flames started in a big ice house surrounded by similar wooden structures, lumber yards and shipping sheds, the entire vicinity being of an inflammable character. The whole fire department and police reserves were called out at 8.30 o'clock, and two hours later the fire was completely under control, after causing damage not exceeding $30,000.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 29¼@29¾c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 57½@1 60.

SAVANNAH, February 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26⅝c for regulars; sales 167 casks; receipts 184 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 5,000 barrels.

CHARLESTON, February 11.—Spirits turpentine—market nominal at 26c; sales — bales. Rosin firm; sales 250 barrels: A and B $1 00, C $1 05, D $1 15, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65. other grades, no demand; prices not quoted.

BOND-SILVER BILL.

CONTINUATION OF DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Monroe Doctrine Discussed in the Senate by Blanchard—Urgent Deficiency Bill Debated—Quay's Resolution to Recommit the House Tariff Bill to the Finance Committee Went Over Without Action.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—A bill granting to the city of Charleston, S. C, the old postoffice building there, to be used by the commercial bodies of that city, was reported to the Senate and passed.

On motion of Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, Republican, it was ordered that on the 22d of February (Washington's birthday) immediately after the reading of the journal, Washington's Farewell Address be read to the Senate by the President *pro tem*.

The Vice President laid before the Senate the resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Quay to recommit to the Finance Committee the House Tariff bill, with its free coinage substitute; but Mr. Quay consented that the resolution should go over without action so as not to interfere with the consideration of the bill to morrow, Mr. Morrill, chairman of the Finance Committee, having given notice of his purpose to ask the Senate to act upon it then.

The bill as to the distribution of seeds was then taken up, and Mr. Vest's substitute for it was agreed to and the bill so amended was passed.

It authorizes and directs the Secretary of Agriculture to purchase and distribute valuable seeds for the year 1896, as has been done in preceding years. He is to procure the seed by open purchase or contract, and shall not pay more for them than a reasonable and fair price.

Mr. Blanchard addressed the Senate on the subject of the Monroe doctrine. He argued that it was the right and the duty of Congress to give legislative construction and recognition to that doctrine. The United States, he said, was not to act as a big brother to every turbulent republic or island in the Western hemisphere, but it should proclaim a broad, comprehensive American policy, including within its system the three Americas—Northern, Central and Southern. He declared that we were always prepared for war and that in the hearts of 9,000,000 fighting men, animated with patriotic fervor and determination, that readiness would be found. As to fleets, he said that whenever the necessity arose ships of war could be evolved that would give the United States dominion of the seas, and this Republic would become the first naval power of the world. He would have the Monroe doctrine cover two propositions; first, that there shall be no conquest by any European power of any territory in America, and second, that there should be no treaty acquisition of any such territory without the consent of the United States. He said that he spoke in no spirit of bombast or bravado, but in order to contribute to a better understanding with our trans-Atlantic cousins.

At the close of Mr. Blanchard's speech, a message from the President on the subject of the imprisonment in France of ex-Consul Waller, of Madagascar, was laid before the Senate.

The Urgent Deficiency bill was taken up and gave rise to several hours' discussion—one of the points discussed being the civil service. Mr. Wolcott was very earnest in its defence, and in arraignment of the President and Secretary of the Treasury for debauching members of Congress by the power of patronage into "ratting" and going back on their pledges to their constituents on the silver question in the last Congress.

The bill went over without action.

A conference report on the bill as to the chaplaincy of the West Point Military Academy was presented and agreed to, and the Senate, after an executive session, at 5.25 p. m adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The time of the House up to 3.30 o'clock was given up to business from the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Consideration of the Bond-Silver Coinage bill was then resumed in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Hill of Connecticut, Republican, opposed the Senate free coinage substitute. He said the matter of free coinage of silver was for the Democracy to settle. Free coinage would not be an issue this year, except in the Democratic National Convention, and there it would be crushed to death in one more dying struggle for spoils and place. Already, he said, the shifting process had begun. The old speeches, addressed to "my fellow citizens," were being delivered over again, and "permission to print" was fully improved by padding the *Congressional Record* with the relics of a past campaign. [Applause.] The living issues that Republicans must stand upon if they would win this Fall are these:

1. Revenue laid upon protection lines to fully meet the expenses and to some extent reduce the debt and develop the resources of the nation.

2. The establishment of a sound system of national finance which would give peace to the business interests of the country.

3. The protection of American people everywhere, abroad as well as at home, and the expression of sympathy, encouragement and hope to men in other lands who are fighting for freedom.

Mr. De Armond of Missouri, Democrat, rising to support the Senate substitute, paid his compliments at some length and with scarcely veiled sarcasm to his colleague (Mr. Hall) for his change of position on this question as announced in the latter's speech on Saturday.

The committee arose and at 5.30 the House, on motion by Mr. Dingley of Maine, Republican, took a recess until 8 o'clock to continue at that hour the debate on the bill for two and a half hours.

The debate upon the Bond Free Coinage bill at the evening session was devoid of unusual interest. Messrs. Harris of Ohio, Republican; Brown of Tennessee, Republican, Howe of New York, Republican, and Fowler of New Jersey, Republican, spoke in opposition to free coinage of silver, and Messrs. Otey of Virginia, Democrat; Baker of Kansas, Populist, in its favor.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Gold Received in Part Payment for Bonds—Correspondence in Relation to the War in Cuba Sent to the House of Representatives.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The first gold received from the new bond issue appears in the Treasurer's cash to-day, and is part of the first payment of 20 per cent. for the bonds. It amounts to $10,988,290, and raises the Treasury gold reserve to $52,750,000.

In response to a resolution adopted by the House, calling on the Secretary of State for copies of the correspondence between this Government and Spain in relation to the warfare in Cuba, etc., the Department of State to-day sent to the House the data asked for. It is very voluminous, comprising copies of some 2,000 letters, the larger number of them between the Department of State and Consul General Williams, at Havana, and with other consular officers in Cuba. It also includes correspondence with Minister De Lome and with the Spanish Foreign Office.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH

AT THE OPENING OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

An Equitable Arrangement of the Venezuela Boundary Dispute Desired—The Armenian Trouble—Attention Called to the Importance of Increasing Naval Defences of the Empire.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, February 11.—Following are extracts from the Queen's speech, which was read at the opening of Parliament to-day:

"*My Lords and Gentlemen*—The Government of the United States of America have expressed a wish to co-operate in the termination of the differences which have existed for many years between my Government and the Republic of Venezuela upon the question of the boundary between that country and the colony of British Guiana. I have expressed my sympathy with the desire to come to an equitable arrangement and trust that further negotiations will lead to a satisfactory result.

"The Sultan of Turkey has sanctioned the principal reforms in the government of the Armenian provinces, for which jointly with the Emperor of Russia and the President of the French Republic, I have felt it to be my duty to press. I deeply regret the fanatical outbreak on the part of a section of the Turkish population which has resulted in a series of massacres which have caused the deepest indignation of this country.

"I have directed the estimates for service for the year to be laid before you. They have been prepared with the utmost regard to economy, but the exigencies of the times require an increased expenditure.

"The extension and improvement of the naval defences of the Empire is the most important subject to which your efforts can be directed and will doubtless occupy your most earnest attention.

"I regret to say that the condition of agriculture is disastrous beyond recent experience. Measures will be laid before you with the object of mitigating the distress of the classes engaged in that industry."

The House of Commons, after listening to the Queen's speech in the House of Lords, resumed its sitting at 4 o'clock.

The Right Hon., Geo. J. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, announced that on February 13th the Government would introduce a bill providing for the construction of works for naval purposes. The announcement was received with cheers from all sections of the House.

Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer in the late Ministry and leader of the opposition in the House, said that he had never in all his experience met such critical circumstances as those with which they were now confronted. It was in the highest degree desirable, he said, that the misunderstanding between Great Britain and the United States over the Monroe doctrine should be removed in both countries at the earliest possible moment. The Government of the United States had expressed a desire to co-operate in a friendly solution of the dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela, and he was rejoiced to see in the speech from the throne that the prospect was welcomed. The only practical question remaining was whether in the Venezuelan difficulty there had been any invasion of the rights of the United States, as upon that point no pronouncement had been made by the United States Government. It was, in his judgment, a doubtful question whether the United States could justly co-operate in the settlement of the Venezuelan differences in default of that Government's having in its possession all of the information bearing thereon, which was at England's disposal. He therefore regretted the delay in the publication of the case of Great Britain and demanded that a prompt and honorable conclusion of the affair be arrived at.

In the House of Lords, the address in reply to the Queen's speech was moved by Lord Stenmore and seconded by the Earl of Rosslyn.

Lord Roseberry said that he was glad to see that the negotiations for the settlement of the difficulties in the Transvaal were progressing.

Turning his attention to the situation in Armenia, Lord Roseberry said that Lord Salisbury's recent statements in regard to the obligations of England under the term of the treaty of Berlin were absolutely incorrect. The whole point to be taken into consideration was that the Powers signatory to the treaty should see that the reforms required by that instrument were carried into effect. The Cyprus Convention laid special obligations upon England, and such an expression of impotency as that conveyed by the statement which had been made by the Premier had never before been made by a British minister. Was this, he asked, peace with honor?

CLARKE-RICH MURDER.

Trial at Knoxville—Defendants Convicted of Murder in the Second Degree.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., February 11.—A special to the *Constitution* from Knoxville says: The jury in the Clarke-Rich murder trial, being out since last Friday, returned a verdict to-day of murder in the second degree and set their term at ten years each. Judge Nelson set aside the verdict in the Clark case and granted a new trial. Rich was sent back to jail but will appeal his case, with chances favoring a reversal by the Supreme Court.

This case has attracted considerable notoriety. Young Charles Rich is the son of a prominent North Carolinian and came here about a year ago with one Emma Clarke, who soon started up a sporting house. Young Rich was her lover and spent the larger portion of his time with her. On the night of the 15th of last October Thomas Breen went into the house of the Clarke woman and became disorderly. She went out for an officer and Breen followed her. On the street near the house she met young Rich and a quarrel between he and Breen ensued. Breen struck Rich with a cane, whereupon Rich shot Breen dead. Sympathy is with Rich and the woman.

PASSENGER AGENTS

Convention of Representatives of Southern Railroads at Tampa, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., Feb. 11.—The annual convention of the Southern Passenger Agents' Association met this morning at Tampa Bay Hotel, with about thirty representative railroad men in attendance. Among those present were Col. B. W. Wrenn, Passenger Traffic Manager of the Plant System; W. A. Turk of the Southern Railway, and C. P. Atmore of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, Wm. Bailey Thomas' Commissioner of the Southern States Passenger Association, with headquarters in Atlanta, was a prominent figure in to-day's proceedings, and together with T. J. Rockwell, the efficient secretary of the association, called to order the meeting. Nothing decisive has been done to-day, beyond organizing and appointing committees.

Immediately after supper to-night the association again went into session. Among the questions that are to be brought up is that of reduced rates for the May military celebration in Savannah, for the celebration at Richmond, Va., and also for that at Jacksonville, Fla.

The President has nominated Wm. Woodville Rockhill, of Maryland, to be Assistant Secretary of State.

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

PROCLAMATION BY GEN. WEYLER, THE NEW CAPTAIN GENERAL.

He Announces His Purpose to Institute a Rigorous Campaign Against the Insurgents' Their Friends and Sympathizers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, Feb. 11.—[From a staff correspondent of the United Press.]—Gen. Weyler, the new Captain General and Commander-in-Chief of the Spanish forces in Cuba, has issued proclamations to the volunteers and firemen, regular soldiers and marines and the inhabitants of Cuba, and also to the Generals of the army, the civil and military Governors, chiefs of columns and military commanders. He says:

"The addresses which I made at the moment of my disembarking to the volunteers and men of the army and navy will give you an idea of the spirit and policy animating your Governor General, and similarly the direction of general opinion in Spain favoring the bringing of all necessary means to bear upon the suppression of the insurrection. Knowing these and knowing my character, I would add nothing else to recommend the line of conduct which you may follow.

"But I think it convenient to add some instructions at present and to state that the insurrection and the recent march of the principal leaders thereof, without its being possible for the Spanish leaders to prevent it, indicates indifference on the part of the inhabitants and also fear and discouragement. I cannot understand their inactivity while their property is being destroyed. Spaniards cannot sympathize with insurgents. It is necessary at any cost to oppose this state of things and reanimate the spirit of the inhabitants. I have come disposed to make use of all the rigor of the law against those who may help the enemy, speak well of them or discredit the prestige of Spain, of its army or volunteers. All who are with our side must demonstrate the fact with acts and leave in their attitude no place for doubt in proving that they are Spaniards. Because the defence of the country demands sacrifice, it is necessary that towns should establish their own defences. They should not fail to provide guides for the army nor to give news of the enemy when they are in the vicinity. The case should not be repeated that the enemy be better informed than ourselves. The enemy and the vigor which they employ should serve as an example to show us the line of conduct which we must follow in all circumstances. You will detain and put at my disposal, or submit to the tribunals those who in any way I have described show help or sympathy for the rebels. I promise myself that you, by fulfilling these instructions, will give valuable help to the good of the Spanish cause."

In the proclamation to the inhabitants of Cuba, Gen. Weyler says: "I take charge with the confidence which never abandons a cause of preserving the island for Spain. I shall always be generous with those who surrender, but will have the decision and energy to punish rigorously those who in any way help the enemy. Without having in mind my present mission I would not oppose the Government of His Majesty when in its wisdom, having peace in Cuba, it should think it convenient to give this country reforms with the same spirit of love in which a mother gives all things to her children.

"Inhabitants of the island of Cuba, lend me your help. So you will defend your interests, which are the interests of the country."

The Marquis De Palmerola has been appointed secretary to the Governor General of the island, and the Marquis De Abumada succeeds General Suarez Valdes as second in command.

Colonel Segura arrived in Havana yesterday and was warmly congratulated upon his fortunate escape at San Cristobal when his command of six hundred men was opposed by 5,000 rebels.

MADRID, February 11.—A dispatch from Havana to the *Imparchial* says that Gen. Godoy has defeated a force of 2,000 insurgents under the rebel leaders Lagret and Nunez between Sagua and Cienfuegos. The dispatch says the rebels carried many of their dead off the field, but left eighteen bodies and a great quantity of arms, ammunition, provisions, &c.

SMUGGLED DIAMONDS.

Twenty Thousand Dollars Worth Seized by Customs Officials on the Steamer Rhineland.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Feb. 11.—One of the largest seizures of diamonds ever made by the customs officers of the United States was effected to-day on board the Red Star Line steamship Rhineland. Twenty thousand dollars worth of gems was seized and Captain Loeswitz, master of the steamship, is charged with illegally attempting to bring the diamonds into the country, and a warrant for his arrest will be issued to-morrow. For some time past the United States Treasury authorities have been convinced that diamonds were being smuggled into this country. The Government agents abroad were instructed to investigate the subject and suspicion fell upon Capt. Loeswitz. When the Rhineland left Antwerp upon this trip the Government agents abroad notified the Treasury officials that Capt. Loeswitz had gems aboard his vessel, which he intended to bring into this country illegally. Customs officers of New York and special agent Gallan, of Philadelphia, were detailed to await the Rhineland's arrival. When the ship docked to-day Agent Gallan went aboard and going directly to Capt. Loeswitz' room, informed him that he wished him to deliver the box he had containing diamonds. Capt. Loeswitz at first demurred and questioned the agent's right to make the demand. When threatened with immediate arrest, he delivered to Mr. Gallan a box containing $20,000 worth of as fine diamonds as have ever been brought to this country. The box was addressed to Herman, Keck & Co., of Cincinnati, one of the largest importing jewelers of the country, and did not appear upon the manifest of the steamer's cargo. The gems were taken possession of by the Treasury agents and the steamship was put under guard. Capt. Loeswitz will be arrested to-morrow.

ELECTROCUTED.

Execution of Bartholomew Shea for the Murder of Robt. Ross.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DANNEMORA, N. Y., February 11—Bartholomew Shea was electrocuted at 9.58 this morning. Shea shot and killed Robt. Ross on election day in the Spring of 1894, at Troy, N. Y.

At 9.56 the current was turned on and continued for one minute and twenty-one seconds. When it was shut off Shea was pronounced dead. The highest voltage was 1,800. This, however, was continued only eleven seconds, when it was reduced to 150 volts and continued at that voltage until the end. The autopsy developed nothing out of the ordinary.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Paine's Celery Compound

The Best Remedy in the World —It Makes People Well.

There is one true specific for diseases arising from impure blood and a debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL.D., of Dartmouth College, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, billiousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For the latter, Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

MAHER-FITZSIMMONS.

Dan Stuart Says the Fight Will Take Place According to Programme—U. S. Troops Ordered to El Paso to Prevent the Fight on So-Called Neutral Ground.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Attorney General Harmon has instructed the U. S. district attorneys and U. S. marshals in New Mexico, Arizona and Indian Territories to keep sharp lookout for the proposed Maher-Fitzsimmons prize fight and to use all means in their power to prevent the law recently approved by the President prohibiting prize fights in the territories from being violated. Responses have been received stating that the United States authorities will be on the alert to prevent violation of the law.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, Feb. 11.—It is understood here that the United States troops from San Antonio post left there yesterday for El Paso to prevent the fight on any so-called neutral ground. Gov. Culberson says he does not think Stuart will attempt to fight on Texas soil.

EL PASO, TEXAS, Feb. 11.—Some excitement was created shortly before noon by a delegation from the Ministers' Union taking passage on a street car across the Rio Grande. It was learned that they expected an audience with Gov. Ahumada of the State of Chihuahua, at Cuidad Juarez, and that their object was to petition the Governor to ask President Diaz to reinforce the gendarmira by a detachment of troops from the City of Mexico.

Capt. James Lawler, the final stakeholder, is seriously ill with pneumonia, and another stakeholder will be selected. The opinion prevails that referee Geo. Siler will be chosen final stakeholder. John L. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan are expected here to-morrow morning, and preparations are being made to give them a rousing welcome.

Dan Stuart said to-day that despite all statements to the contrary, the fights would take place according to the programme, if it left him without a dollar.

Fitzsimmons, Collins, Wolcott and Dixon, took a ten-mile spin down the road this morning, and on their return to training headquarters were found to be in perfect condition. Maher sent word from Las Cruices to-day that he had quit training and was ready to come here at a moment's notice. The betting here is very slow and is even up, Maher and Fitzsimmons having an equal number of wealthy admirers.

U. S. Marshal Hall, of Santa Fe, is here and declares that there is no possibility of the fights taking place in the Territory of New Mexico, and that he has the deputies to back him up if necessary.

The committee from the Ministers' Association had an audience with Gov. Ahumada this morning. The ministers seem satisfied with the Governor's assurances but would say nothing for publication.

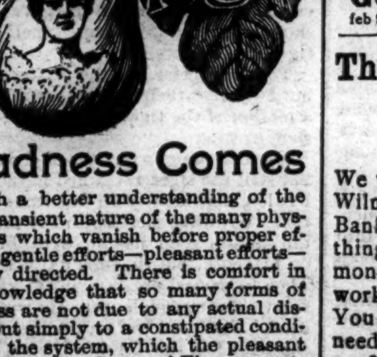
WATER MAIN BURST

Caused Loss of Life and Serious Damage at Cleveland, Ohio.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, February 11—At 8.15 o'clock this morning a water main on Franklin avenue hill burst, and with the volume of water that poured out several hundred feet of the hill was washed into the river. A small one-story frame house, occupied by Mrs. Mary Ravey, 60 years old, was inundated and with its contents was hurled into the river. Mrs. Ravey was drowned A New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad freight train was passing at the foot of the hill and the force of the water carried four cars into the river. On the cars were three of the train crew and the men were carried with the cars. Two of the men jumped before the river was reached and escaped, but the third was dumped into the river, and but for the assistance of the tenders of the Columbus street bridge, would have been drowned. An alarm of fire was turned in and a message sent to the water works pumping station, and the main was cut off.

Burglars effected an entrance into the Leesburg (Ohio) bank Monday night by the use of explosives. The vault door was first blown open and then the burglar proof safe was literally blown to pieces. All the money, amounting to about $6,000 was taken, besides valuable notes. There is no clue.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

MADAGASCAR.

A Conspiracy Against the French Resulting in the Killing of Three Thousand Natives.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PORT LOUIS, MARATIUS, Feb. 11.—A French reporter, writing from Madagascar under the date of January 24th, says that a conspiracy had been discovered in Antanararivo, the capital of Madagascar, the result of which was that a force of 4 000 Hovas made an attack upon the French soldiers stationed there and were repulsed. The French followed up their advantage and killed 3,000 of the Hovas. Fourteen of the Hova chiefs were taken prisoners, condemned to death and immediately shot. Several others were transported. It was rumored, the reporter writes, that a number of French officers and soldiers had been murdered by the Hovas.

WARM WIRELETS.

Dr. Wm. S. Armstrong, president of Atlanta's Board of Health, died suddenly yesterday afternoon while attending a meeting of the trustees of the Grady Hospital.

Johnson, Crater & Co., general merchants, Winston, N. C., assigned yesterday, naming W. A. Blair trustee. Their assets and liabilities are not known. The failure is caused by pressure of Northern creditors.

A passenger train and freight train on the Illinois Central Railroad crashed together yesterday. Engineer William Huntington and Baggage Master Felix Armstrong, of the passenger train, and both firemen were killed.

The steamship St. Paul arrived at Newport News and an unsuccessful attempt was made to dock her. After her bow had cut through one of the piers it was decided to postpone the docking until Thursday at high tide.

Cardinal Gibbons and party, of Baltimore, and Cardinal Satolli, Apostolic Delegate, and his private secretary left Washington last night for New Orleans, to be present at the opening of the Catholic winter school in that city, Feb. 16th.

The Kentucky Senatorial contest seems to be approaching a crisis. Five sound money Democrats and as many conservative Republicans want to make an agreement to let the Senatorial election go for the session and attend to pressing legislative business. Dr. Hunter is begging for one more chance and if he gets it it is thought unseating tactics will be started to-day.

The Modern Invalid.

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect, and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative Syrup of Figs.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Eight fine Fowls left at advertiser's house by mistake. Owner can get same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this advertisement. feb 12 tf

Wanted—To buy a House and Lot for $1,000 or less. Some where between Third and Seventh street, north of Market. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. sa tu we feb 8 3t

Notice to all interested —The undersigned has severed all connection with the Commercial Building and Loan Association as a stockholder and local director. J. Hicks Bunting. feb 6 tf

Photographs—Big Photographs, Little Photographs, Fine Photographs, Good Photographs, Pretty Photographs. All kinds of Photographs except bad Photographs. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, for Photographs feb 2 tf

The latest and best cold weather drink a specialty. We serve the best hot Tom and Jerry and hot Scotch in the city. Call and see me to-day. A. P. Levy, French Cafe, Princess street. jan 21 tf

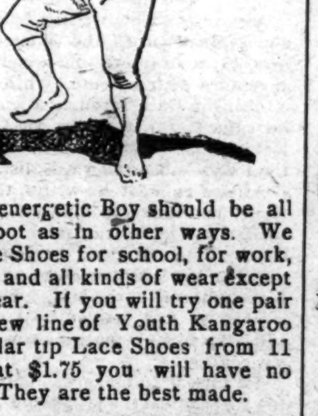
A fresh supply daily of Country Sausage and Liver Pudding. Pig Feet 5 cents a pound. A full line of Choice Groceries cheap. Call and see me. Chas. D. Jacobs, ag't, 217½ North Front street. jan 19 tf

When you want a nice bunch of Bananas, a barrel of Baldwin's, a case or crate of fine Western Apples, a bag of Irish or Sweet Potatoes, Turnips, Onions, Beans, or Mountain Butter from ten to forty pound lots, call or send your orders to A. S. Winstead & Co., Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers. jan 1 D&W tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21



That energetic Boy should be all right afoot as in other ways. We have the Shoes for school, for work, for play and all kinds of wear except short wear. If you will try one pair of our new line of Youth Kangaroo Calf, Solar tip Lace Shoes from 11 to 2's at $1.75 you will have no other. They are the best made.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

feb 9 tf

The Chief Object

of this Bank is to Encourage Savings.

We want every money earner in Wilmington to have a Savings Bank Account and deposit something at a regular time. Your money will be in a safe place working for you day and night. You can get it any day if you need it or if a safe and more profitable investment should be offered.

Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

jan 26 tf

For Rent,

IN STATESVILLE, N. C., GOOD HOTEL with twenty-five rooms, in front of Court House. Write Dr. E. O. ELLIOTT, Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

feb 1 D&W 1m

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 19 t

THE CHICAGO.



Just Try It, Which Is All We Ask

We do not claim to sell our goods so much less than others, but we do say that we can and will sell as low as any House that pays full value for their goods.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

dec 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Save $3.00 to $10.00

ON A

SUIT OF CLOTHES.

Remember these prices are for short time only.
Men's Wool $6 Black Cheviot Suits $3 50.
Brown and Gray $7 Suits $4.50.
Men's Double breasted All Wool Suits, regular price $7 50, now $5.
Round Cuts. Square Cuts and Cutaways, all Wool $12.50 Suits 15 different styles, only $7.
$15 00 and $13 00 Suits only $9 75.
Big Bargains in Boys' and Children's Suits.

Pants! Pants! Pants!

$1.00 Pants, "good value," 60c.
$1.75 to $ 00 Pants, your choice $1 35.
All of our $ 0 and $6 00 Pants, $3.50.
One lot of Boys' Overcoats, sizes 15 to 18 years, worth $6.00 to $10 00, now $3.98.
Few Men's $12.50 Overcoats, $8.25.

SWEATERS, SWEATERS.

White and Gray only, 25c.
Navy and Black, all sizes, 3 c.
All Wool Blacks, worth $1, 75c.
$1 50 quality, heavy weight, large Collar and Lace Front our price 85c
A $3 50 Sweater in White and Blacks, only $1.48.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

New light Calico s 4 and 5c per yard.
Beautiful Plaids for Dresses and Waists, fast colors, at 5c per yard
Cheapest lot of

EMBROIDERIES

ever shown in the city. Beautiful styles at 3c, 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c and 25c per yard. All the latest designs.
Big stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description.
Yours for Bargains,

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

'Phone 118. Next Fourth Street Bridge.
Car fare paid on purchases over $2.00.
feb 8 tf



SAFES!

All Sizes and Make.

WRITE OR CALL ON

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.

12 Market Street,

jan 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Seed Potatoes,

Early Rose.

FULL AND FRESH STOCK

GENERAL GROCERIES.

Agricultural Salt,

KAINIT, ACID PHOSPHATE,

Ammoiated Guano.

For sale by

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 15 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. **W. J. TOOMER,** Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans made on approved security at Lowest Rates.

No Interest Paid on Deposits.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

	Dec 13, 1893.	Dec 13, 1894.	Dec 13 1895
Surplus and Net Profits..	$34,900	$35 930	$52,000
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	3,937	None.	None
Banking House, &c.......	15,600	11,600	10,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent per annum

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1893.

jan 9 tf

Announcement.

I TAKE THIS METHOD of announcing to all my old friends and patrons that I have again located in Wilmington and may be found at Prempert's Barber shop, No 11 South Front street, where I will be pleased to see you one and all.

Respectfully,
dec 90 tf WILLIAM J. STEWART.

CASH TALKS.

THE

Alderman Hardware Co.

are now making Low Cash Prices to their country friends on

Plows, Plow Castings,

HAMES, HAME STRINGS,

Backbands, Singletrees, Trace Chains,

Shovels, Spades, Hoes, both handled and unhandled; Rakes, Plowlines, Bridles, Collars, Collar Pads.

A full line of Granite Iron Ware, House Furnishing Goods,

Crockery, Pistols, Cutlery,

Iron King Cook Stoves

AND LIBERTY RANGES.

A few Nice Oil Heaters to be had at Cost for Cash.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street,
jan 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

J. W. MURCHISON.

HARDWARE, TINWARE,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps, Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

BEST GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON.

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

dec 20 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

Telephone 14. 15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 6 tf

—63 1-2 Steps—

From the corner of Front and Princess streets will bring you to

Mercer & Evans'

Shoe Store,

where you can buy Shoes as cheap as the cheapest, and as good as the best.

Call there, buy a pair and get a copy of the Puzzle of the Day, and see how the "Gold Bugs" and the "Silver Bugs" will get across "Greenback River" together.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

H. C. Evans' Old Stand.

dec 21 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

How to Grow Flowers

SUCCESSFULLY,

By always buying your Flower Seed Bulbs, &c., from

JAMES D. NUTT,

THE DRUGGIST.

A few choice Bulbs left, 50 cents a dozen. feb 8 tf